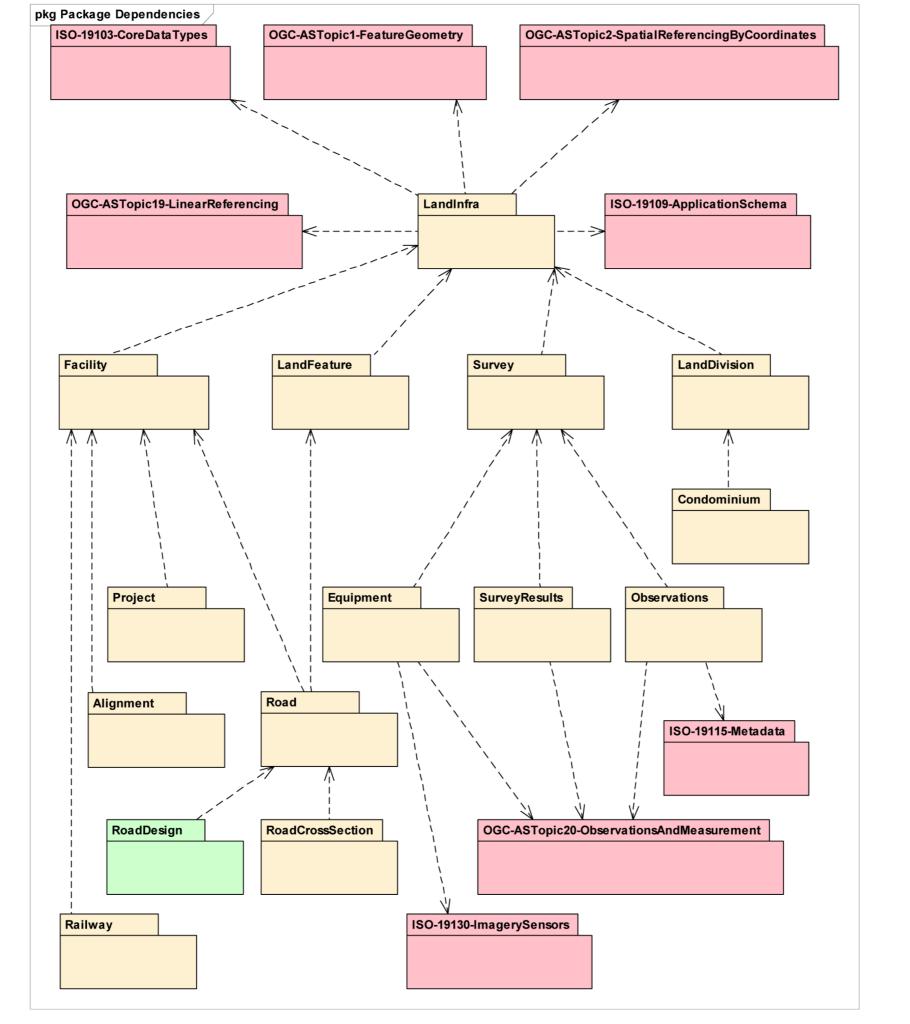
The world is not all CityGML and IFC: other Geo/BIM standards

Anna Labetski 02/12/2019



- OGC standard
- https://www.opengeospatial.org/standards/landinfra
- Successor to LandXML
- based on a subset of LandXML functionality, but implemented with GML
- topography and subsurface information
- deals with the needs of surveying to locate infrastructure facilities on the terrain in compliance with interests in land

- land and civil engineering infrastructure facilities, e.g. roads, buildings, railways, projects, alignment, survey, and land features
- division of land based on administration, i.e. jurisdictions and districts
- interests in land, e.g. land parcels, easements and condominiums



- InfraGML

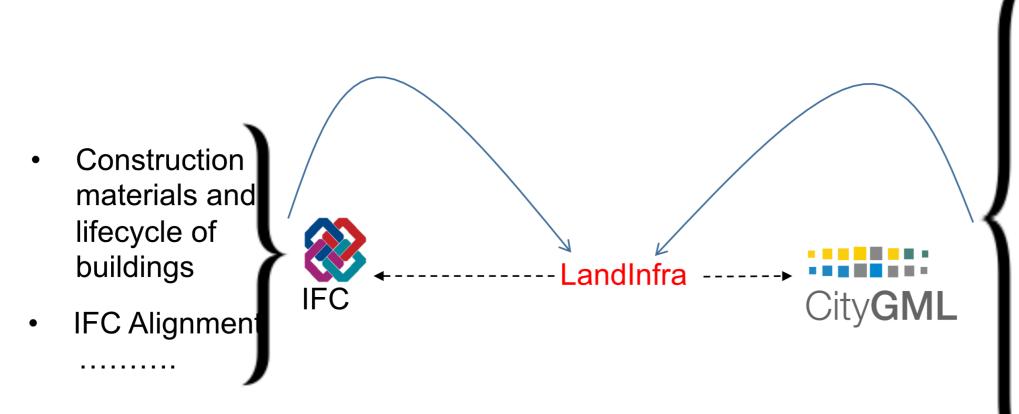
 7-part GML encoding
 - Land Features, Facilities and Projects, Alignments, Roads, Railways, Survey, and Land Division

Table 1. Main LandInfra requirements classes

#	Class	Summary	InfraGML part
1	LandInfra	Mandatory core with dataset information and common types	0
2	Facility	Collection of buildings, civil engineering works and their siteworks	2
3	Project	Activity related to the improvement of a facility	2
4	Alignment	Positioning element for locating physical elements	3
5	Road	Roads with 3D elements	4
6	Railway	3D railway elements and track geometry	5
7	Survey	Information related to surveys, e.g. equipment, results, etc.	6
8	LandFeature	Whether natural or man-made, in the surface or subsurface	1
9	LandDivision	Public (political, judicial, or executive) or private land divisions	7
10	Condominium	Ownership of private and public units in a multi-unit building	7

No software support 😁

Mapping between CityGML, LandInfra and IFC



- GML/XML
- ISO 19107
- UML modelling
- Semantic classes
 e.g. Buildings,
 Roads, Terrain, etc.
- Boundary representation
- World coordinate system

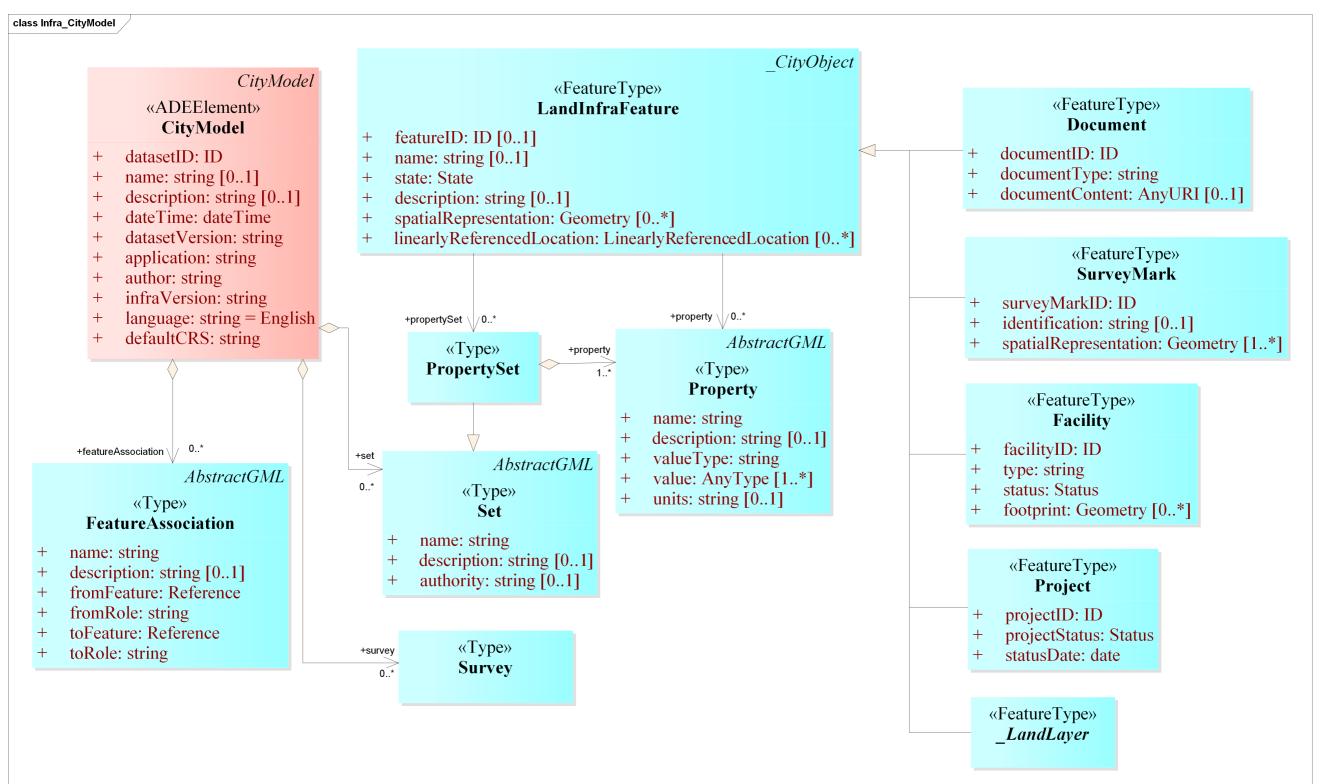
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Mapping between CityGML, LandInfra and IFC

Table 1 A comparison of CityGML, IFC and LandInfra

#	Criterion	CityGML	LandInfra	IFC
1	Body	OGC	OGC	buildingSMART
2	Version	2.0.0	1.0.0	IFC4 Addendum 2
3	Users	3D city modellers	Survey engineers & BIM	BIM & AEC (Architec- ture, Engineering & Con- struction)
4	Encoding	GML	GML	Mainly STEP (Standard for the Exchange of Prod- uct model data)
5	Focus	City objects	Land and infrastructure	BIM models
6	Geometry	Subset of ISO 19107 / GML 3.1.1	ISO 19107 + more	ISO 10303
7	Topology	Shared surfaces only	Between facility parts	Openings, coverings and other connections
8	Semantics	Detailed	Not so detailed	Detailed
9	Metadata	Basic	ISO 19115 compliant	Extensively but inconsis- tently used
10	LODs	5 different LODs	Not supported	Not supported
11	Extensions	Generics or ADEs	Not supported	Supported
12	Appearance	Supported	Not supported	Supported
13	Software support	Low	Almost nonexistent	Medium
14	Codelists	Supported with ISO 19103	Supported with ISO 19103	Enumerations only
15	Land use	Simple types	Complex LADM types (ISO, 2012)	Not relevant
16	File size	Large (Kumar et al, 2016)	Large	Very large

LandInfra and CityGML



LandInfra and CityGML

city2InfraGML →

https://github.com/tudelft3d/city2InfraGML

INSPIRE

"The INSPIRE Directive aims to create a European Union spatial data infrastructure for the purposes of EU environmental policies and policies or activities which may have an impact on the environment."

INSPIRE Spatial Data Themes

Addresses

Administrative units

Agricultural and aquaculture facilities

Area management/restriction/regulation zones and reporting units

Atmospheric conditions

Bio-geographical regions

Buildings

Cadastral parcels

Coordinate reference systems

Elevation

Energy resources

Environmental monitoring facilities

Geographical grid systems

Geographical names

Geology

Habitats and biotopes

Human health and safety

Hydrography

Land cover

Land use

Meteorological geographical features

Mineral resources

Natural risk zones

Oceanographic geographical features

Orthoimagery

Population distribution - demography

Production and industrial facilities

Protected sites

Sea regions

Soil

Species distribution

Statistical units

Transport networks

Utility and governmental services



INSPIRE



Figure 22 - UML Overview of the Planned Land Use application schema

LADM

- Land Administration
 Domain Model
- ISO standard ISO 19152:2012
- LandInfra uses LADM for its land use class

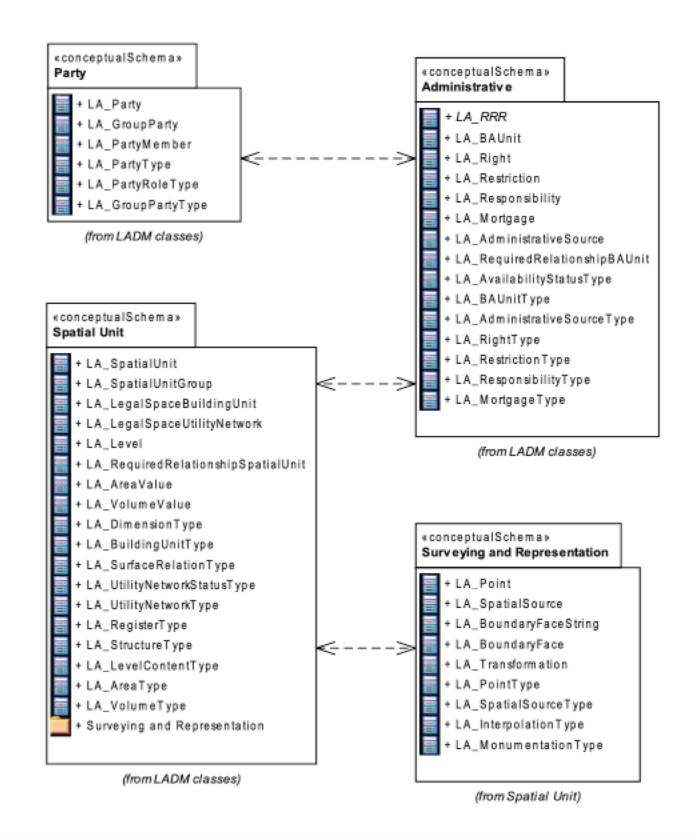


Figure 1 — The LADM overview of (sub)packages (with their respective classes)

LADM

- defines a model covering basic components of land administration
- provides an abstract, conceptual model with four packages related to parties, ownership rights, spatial units, spatial sources, and spatial representations
- provides terminology for land administration, based on various national and international systems
- provides a basis for national and regional profiles
- enables the combining of land administration information from different sources

gbXML

- Green Building XML → spun off from Green Building Studio
- https://gbxml.org/
- https://github.com/greenbuildingxml/
- designed to allow very different BIMs and architectural/engineering analysis software to share information with each other
- Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC)
- facilitates the transfer of building information stored in CAD-based building information models

gbXML

- there is software support: e.g. Revit -> Trane TRACE
- Autodesk, Trimble, Graphisoft, and Bentley + export and import capabilities in over 50 engineering and analysis modeling tools
- online viewer



IndoorGML

- OGC standard
- http://www.indoorgml.net/
- exchange of indoor spatial information
- main concepts: cellular space, semantic representation and geometric representation, topological representation and multi-layered representation
- there are viewers and some software to create data



IndoorJSON

https://github.com/tudelft3d/indoorjson



Standards...

- Slow to evolve
- Over-fit to a specific case
- Contribution is not transparent or easy
- UML prioritised over sample data and software

thanks ©

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