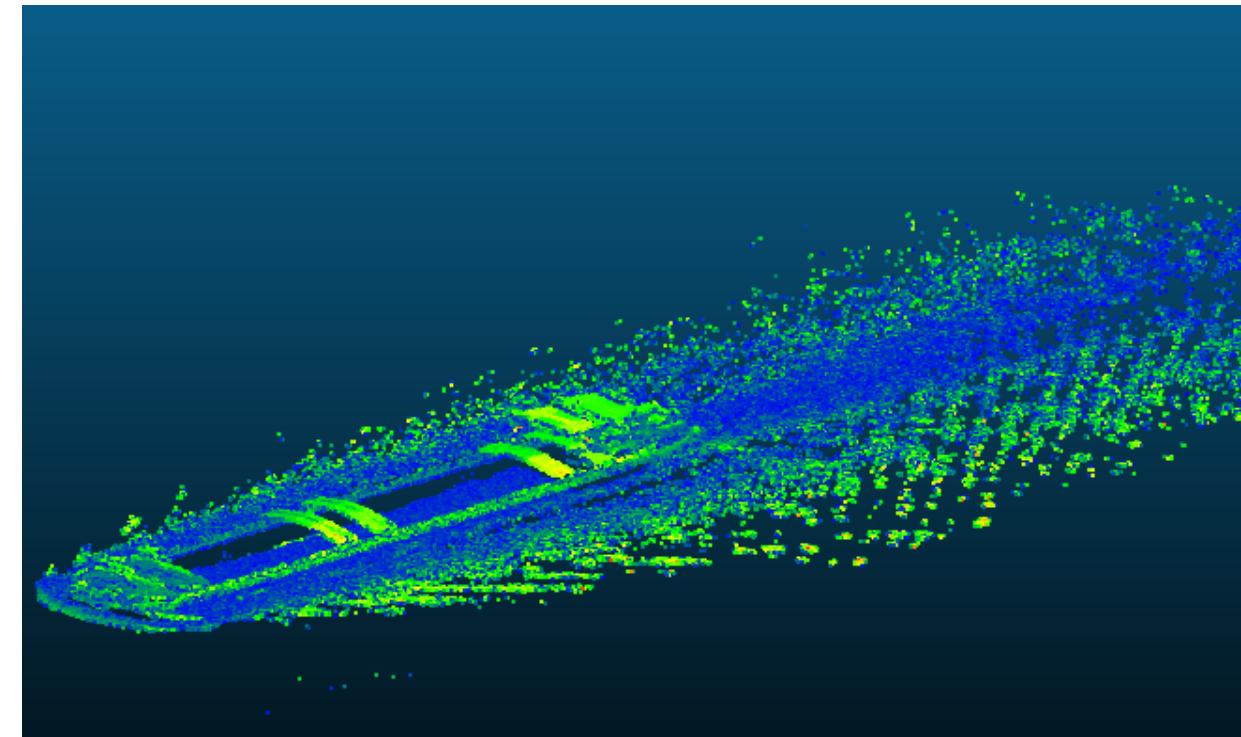




Rijkswaterstaat
Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management



AHN4 – MOERDIJKBRUG ZONE

Guest lecture: Rijkswaterstaat & IHN

CIV-IGA-Advies en Toetsing Geodata & TU Delft

Daan van der Heide
15 February 2023



Rijkswaterstaat
Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management



Rijkswaterstaat and geo-data acquisitions



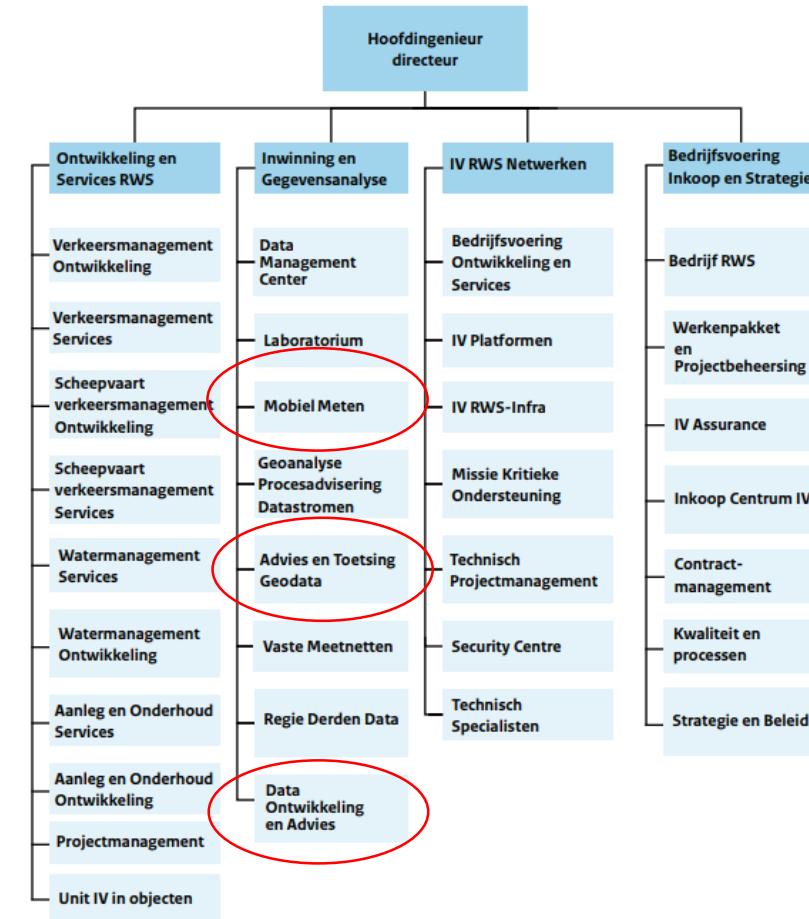
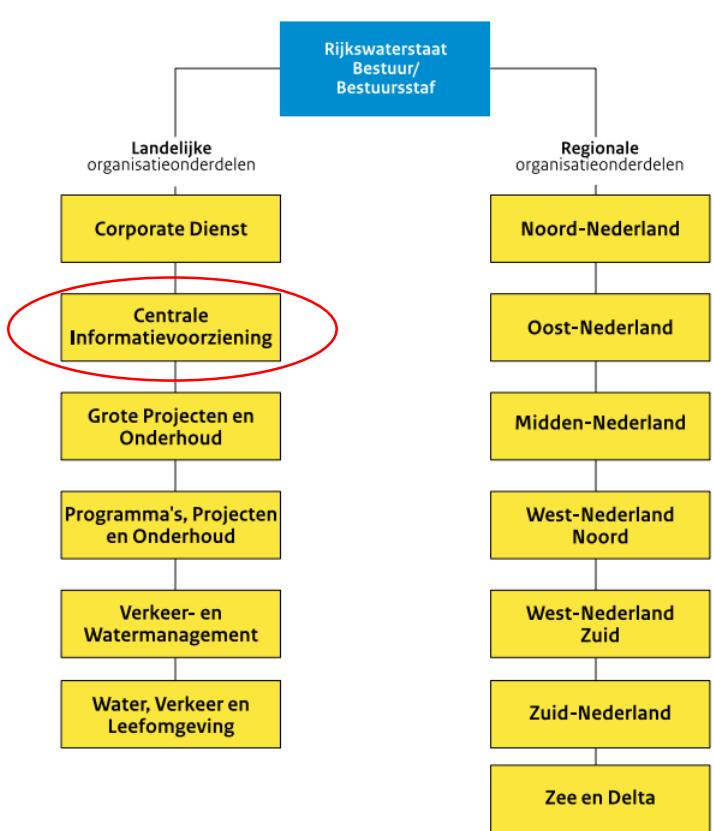
Rijkswaterstaat

- Rijkswaterstaat is an executive organization of the Ministry of Infrastructure and Water Management.
- Maintaining and innovating the national roads, waterways, and open waters.
- Responsible for important assets in the Netherlands:
 - Stormvloed keringen
 - Afsluitdijk
 - Prins Claus plein → Highway flyover near the Hague



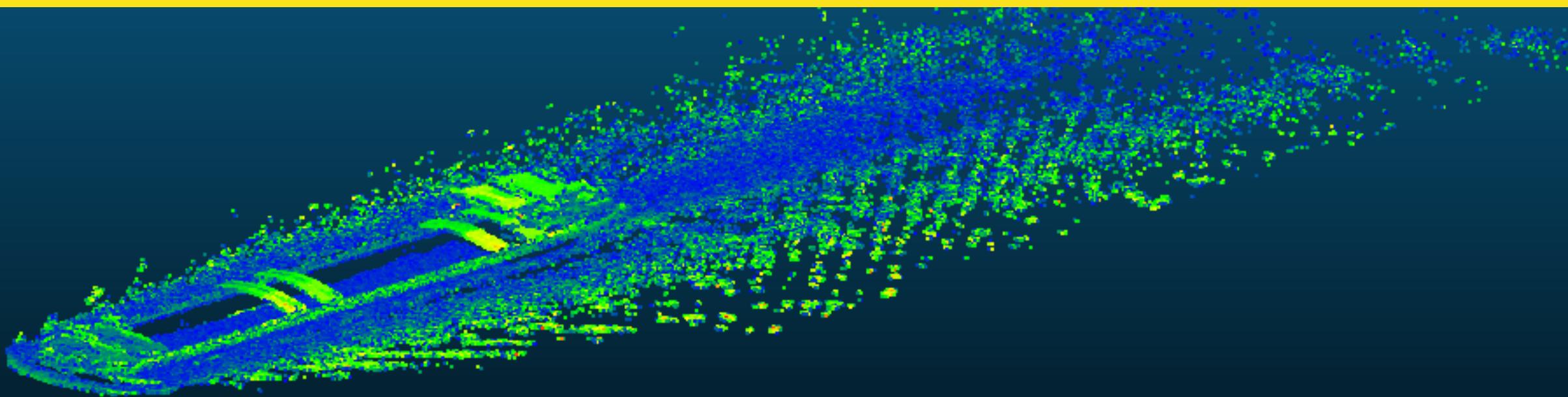


Central Information and departments



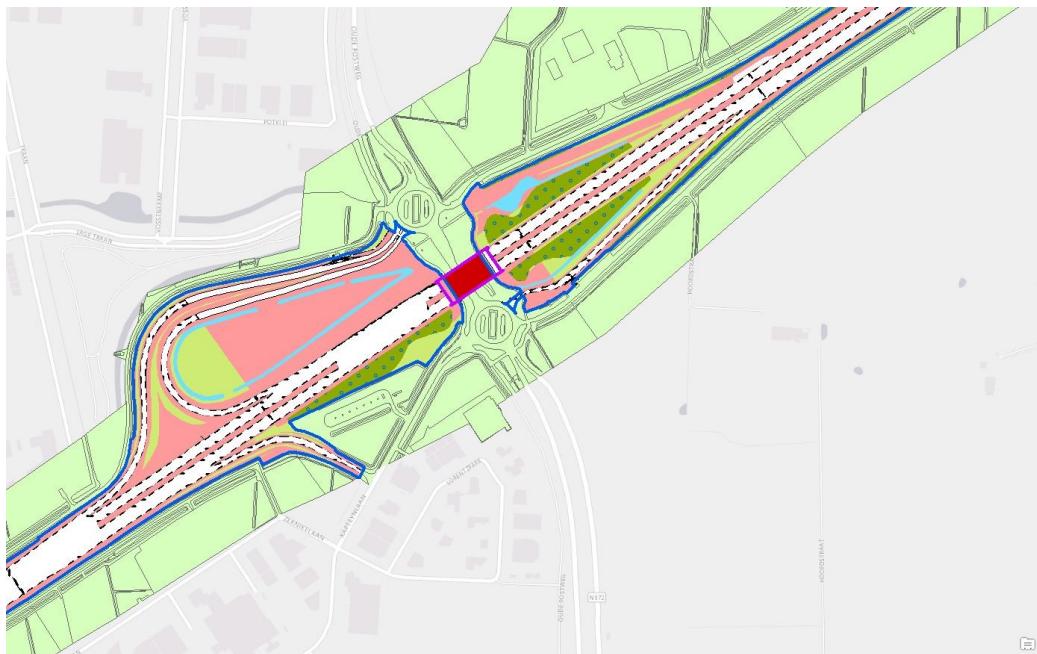


Use of geo-data at Rijkswaterstaat

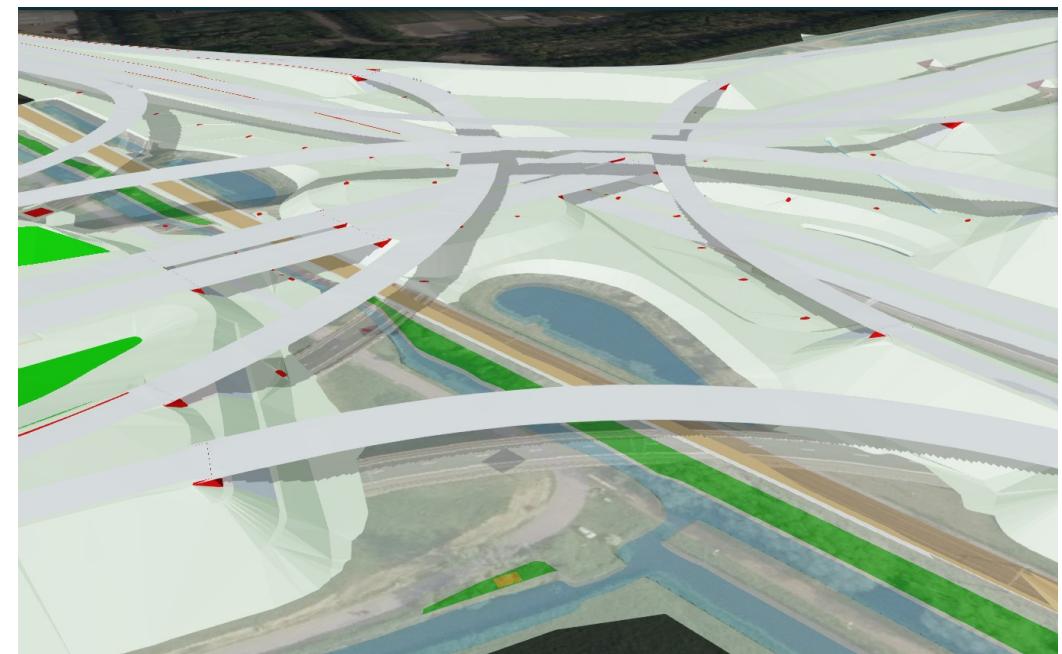




BGT (Basisregistratie grootschalige topografie) & DTB (digitaal topografisch bestand)



BGT (2D)



DTB (2.5D)



Use Case: Pointclouds for the determination of clearance heights



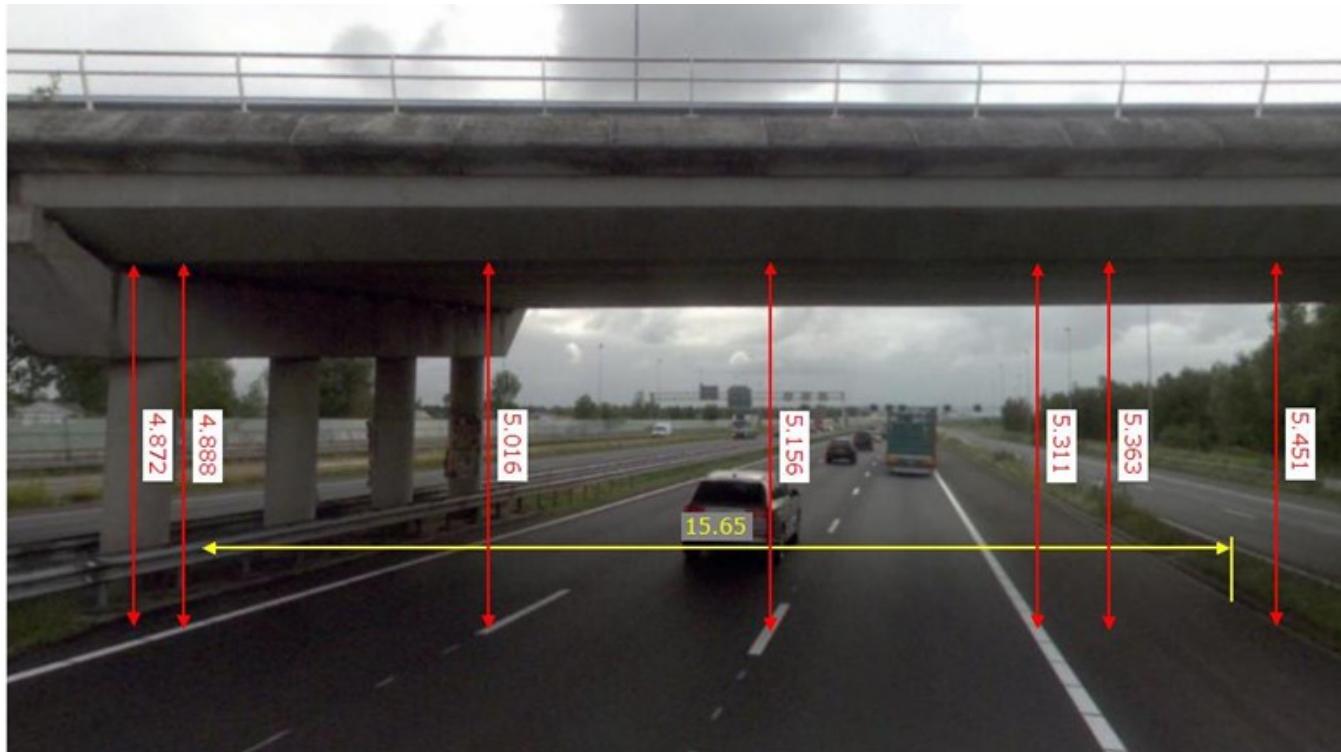


Clearance heights (current method)

- Required for the movement of special objects (tanks, wind turbines, satellites, ships, etc.)
- Free space between a structure/gantry and the road surface
- Determined per lane with centimeter relative accuracy.



Clearance heights (current method)

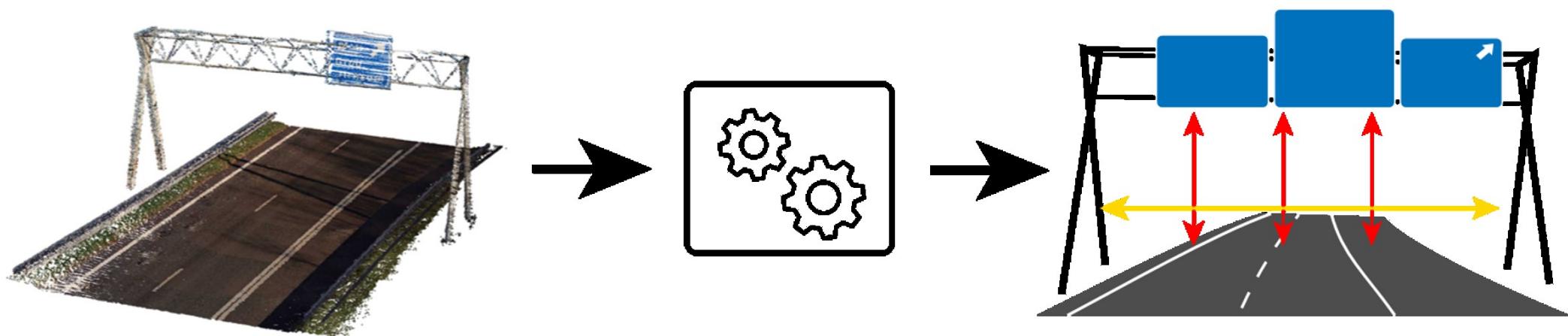


Rijksweg: A009
Rijbaan: HRL
Kilometer: 038.620
Bijzonderheden: geen

Meetdatum: 01-09-2021
Dwarsprofiel: 2
Viaduct: Raasdorp
Minimale doorrijhoogte: 4.872



Workflow automatic inspection





Classifications of the objects

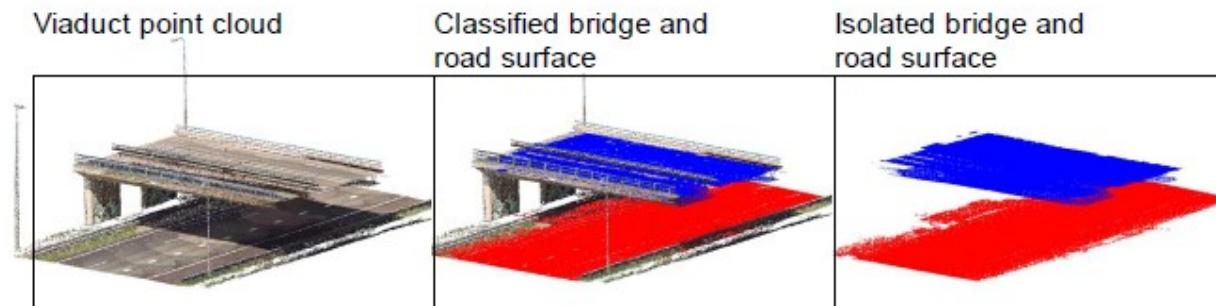


Figure 4.19: Classified road and viaduct surfaces.

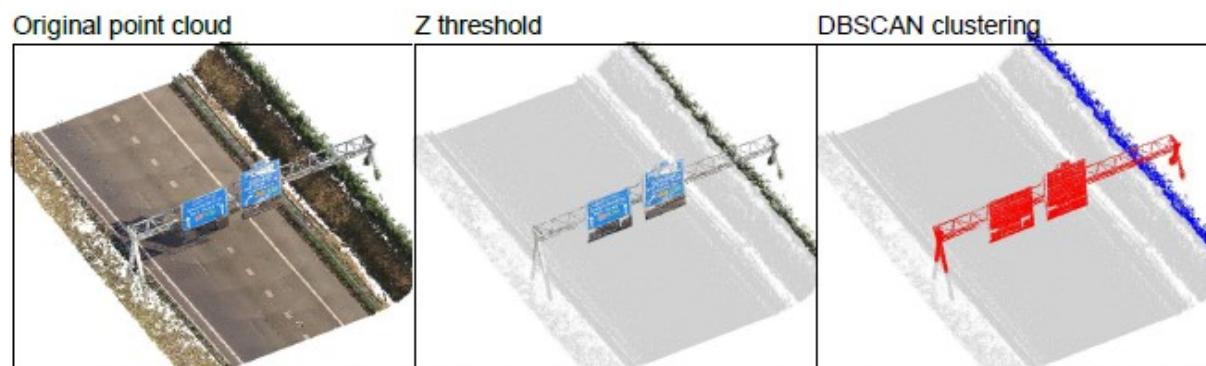
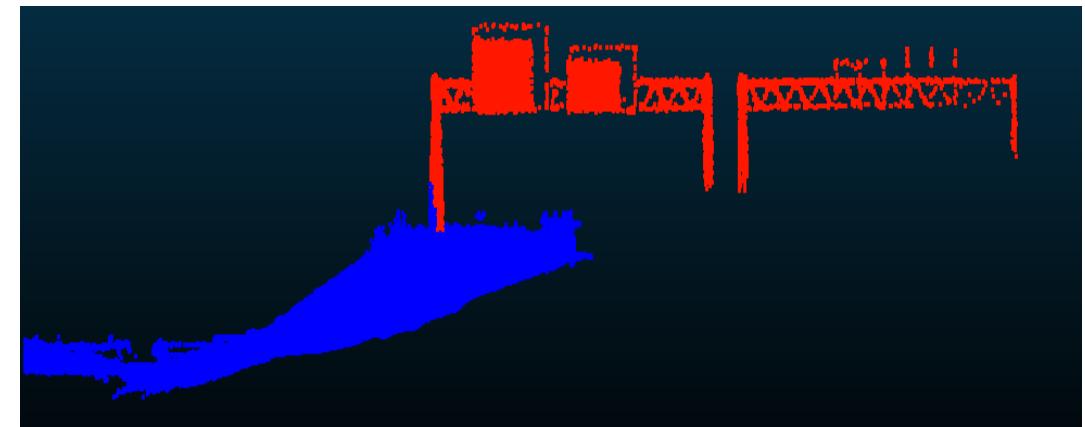
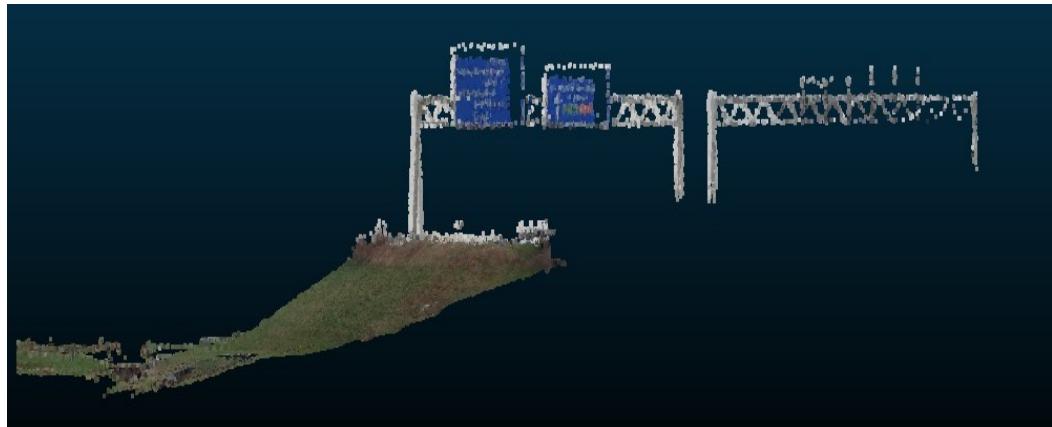


Figure 4.27: Initial clustering of the point cloud to obtain the gantry superstructure after a height threshold is applied.



Inspection of gantry



*Using for instance the DTB or
Deep/Machine learning*



Classification of the underside of the gantry

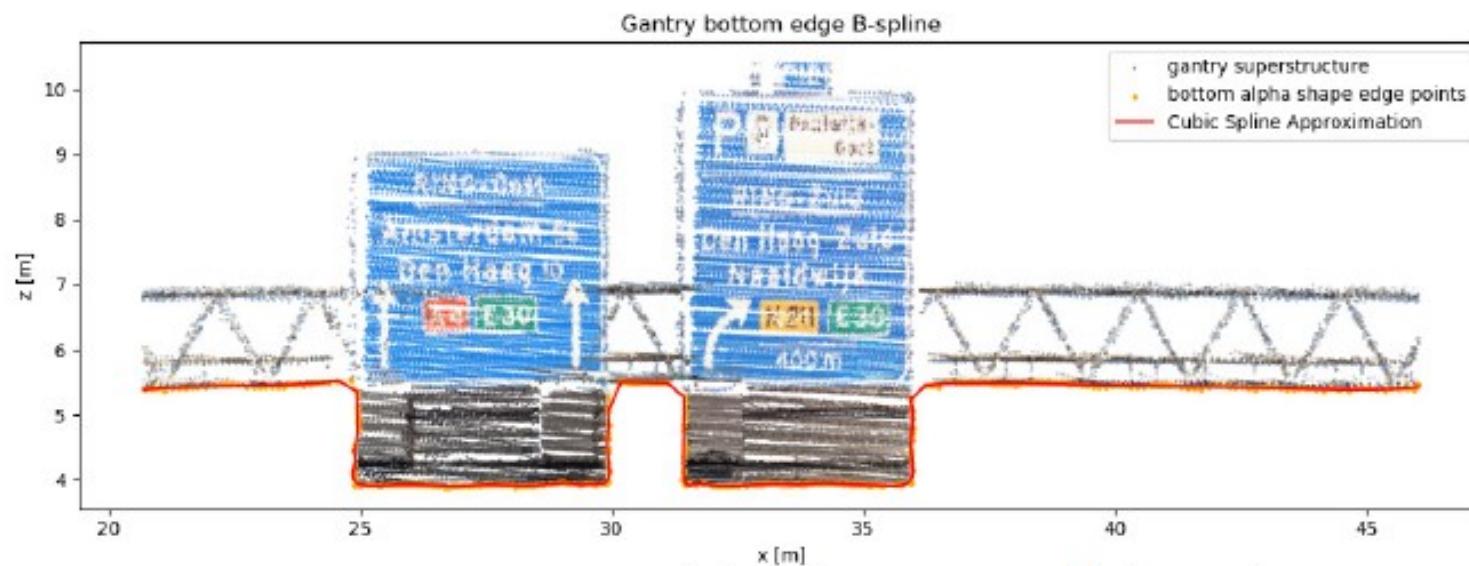


Figure 4.33: Gantry superstructure with the B-spline approximation of the bottom edge.



Classification of road markings

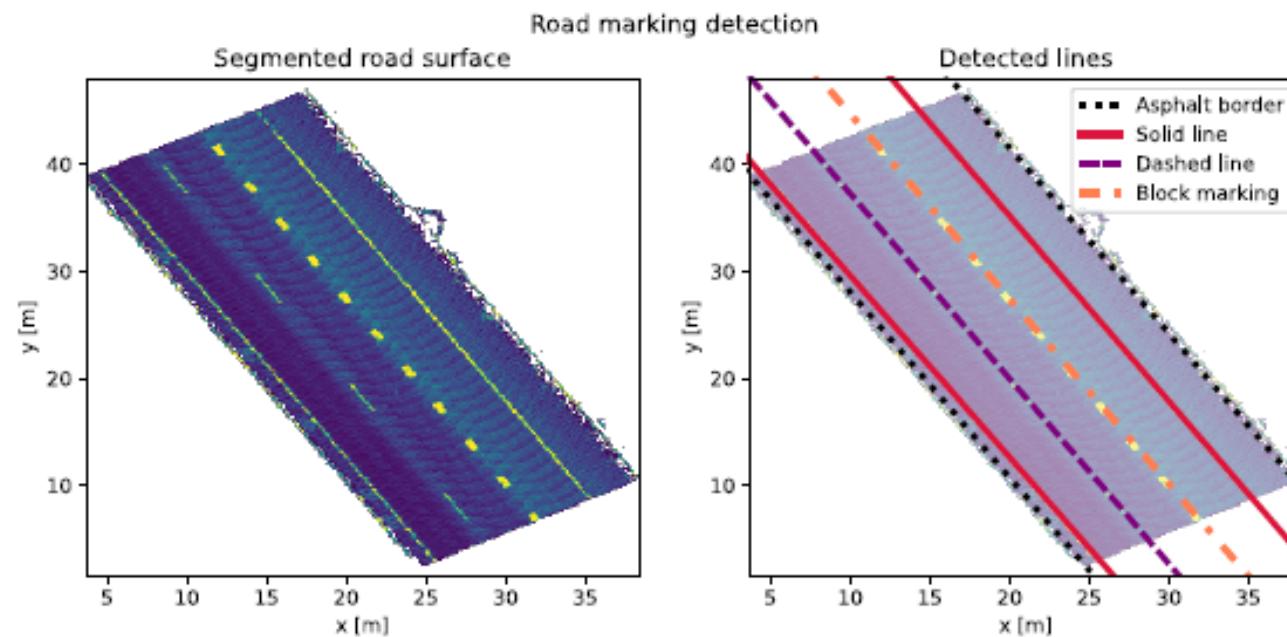
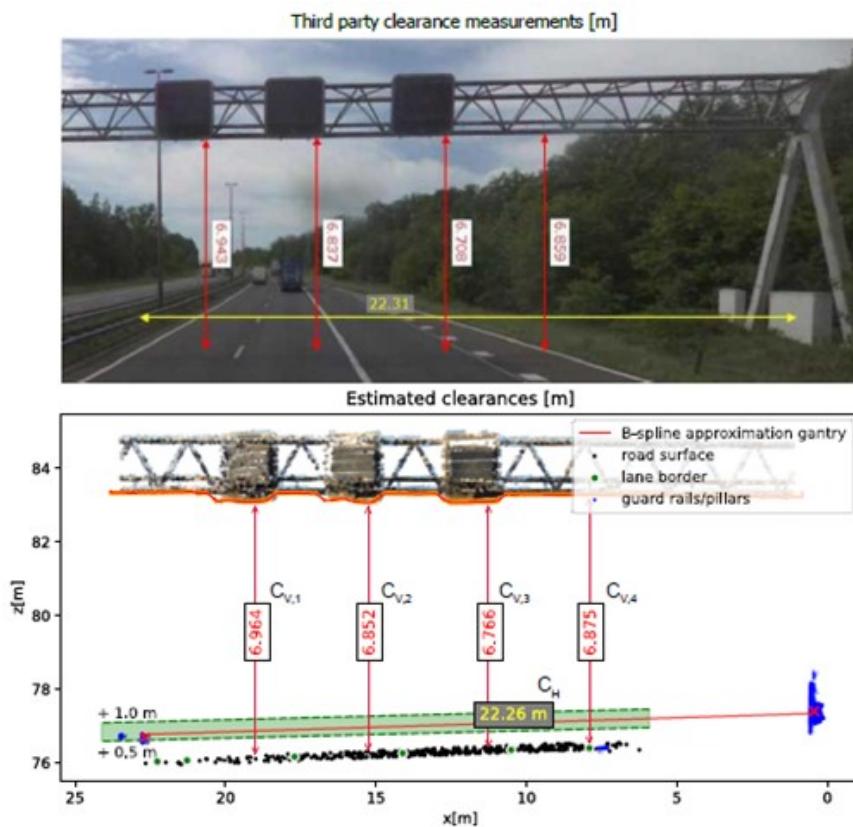


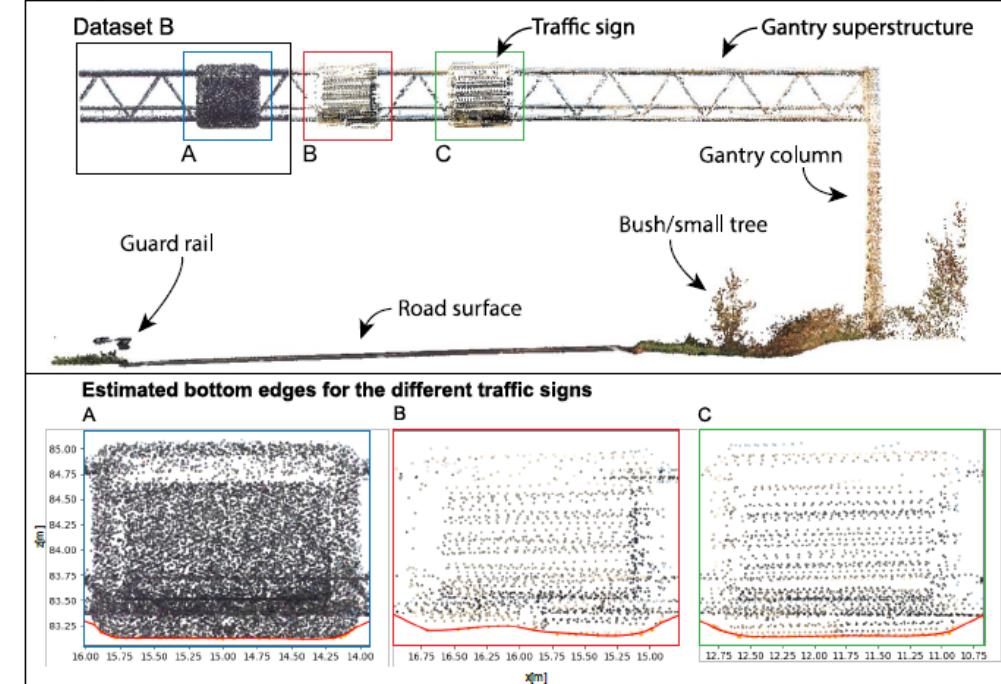
Figure 4.26: Example of a road section with different classes of detected lines.



Resulting data



Gantry point cloud from dataset A





Use Case 3 :

Tunnels of South Holland



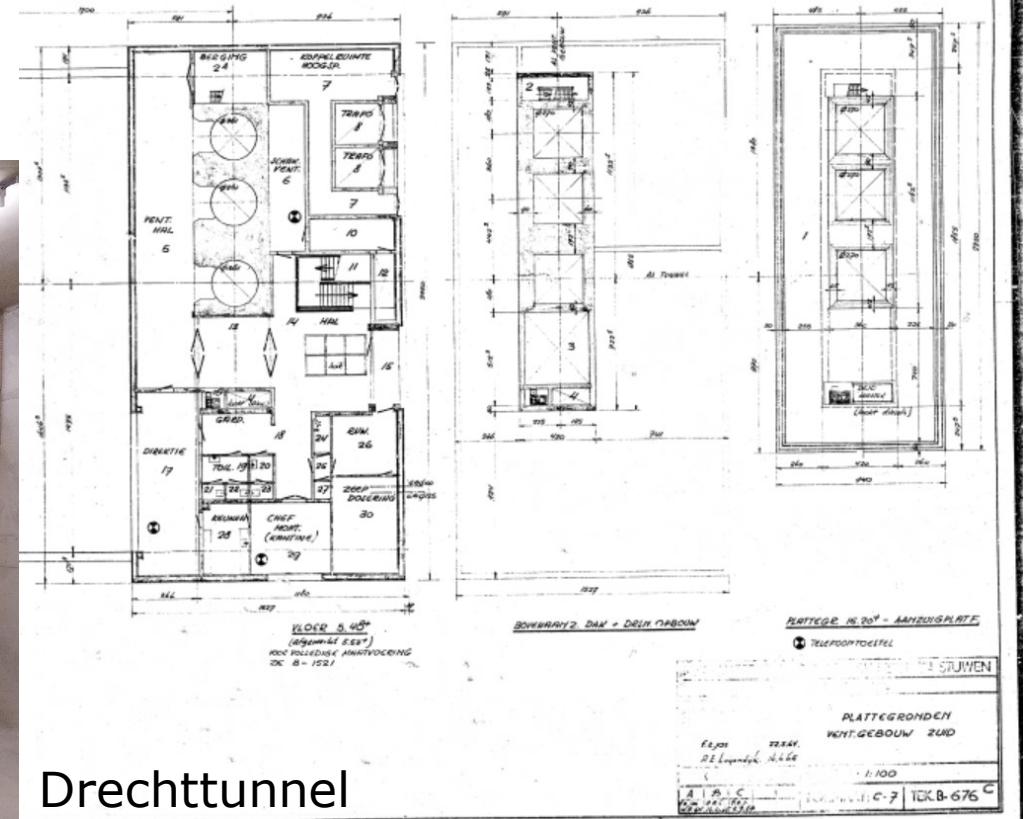


Locations of the current projects



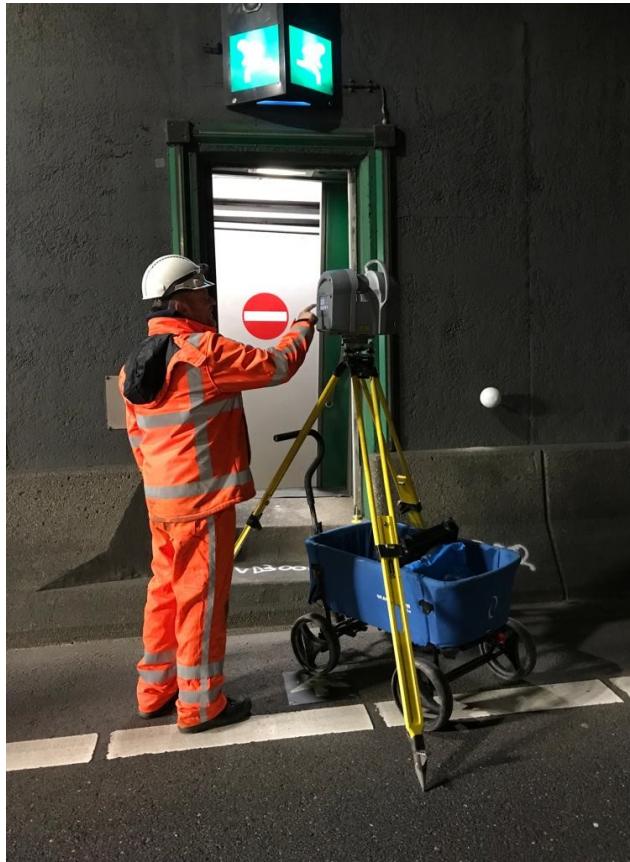


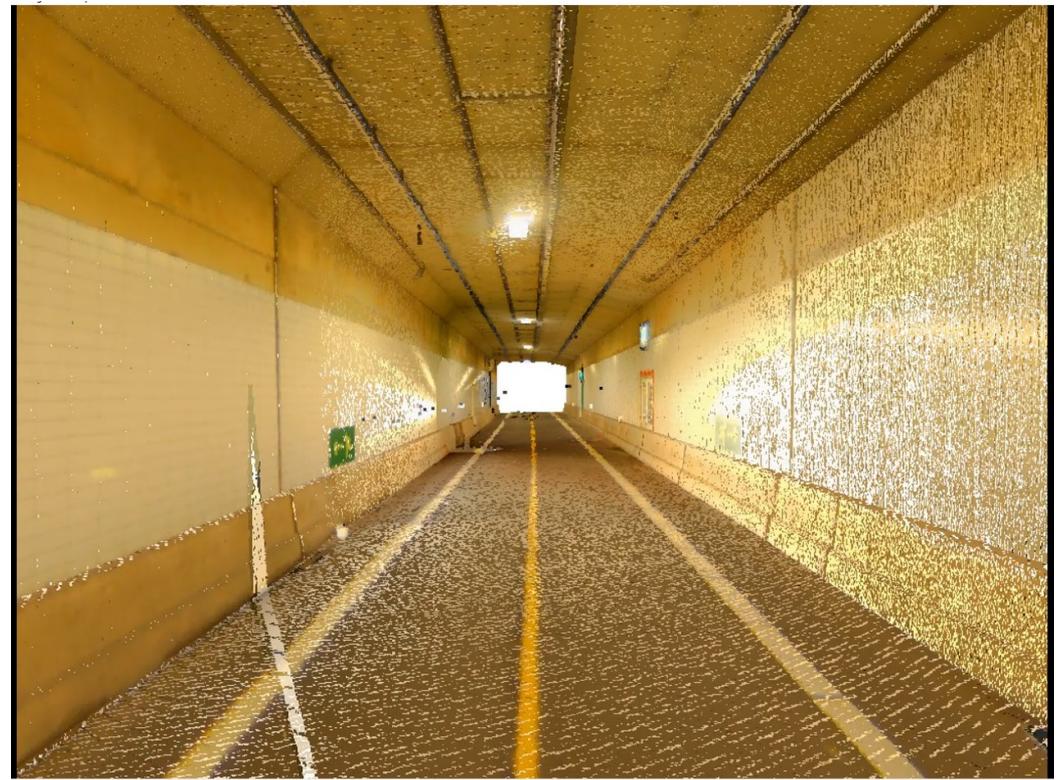
Initial status of the tunnel data





Measurements of the tunnels





DTB 3D

Achtergrondlagen
Luchtfoto 2019 Orts 2...
3D lagen
Kern-Heinenoortunnel
Omgeving Heinenoort...
Ondergrond Zuid

Bovenbouw (weg)
seto entity
block DT-DG-VB-001
block_number 364
entity T0031
bouwdeel Onderhoudsmaatwerk
beheerobject Weg (weg object)
element Bovenbouw weg

Rijkswaterstaat Ministerie van Infrastructuur en Waterstaat Home Atlas Heinenoortunnel DTB 3D

3D lagen
Kern-Heinenoortunnel
Omgeving Heinenoort...
Ondergrond Zuid

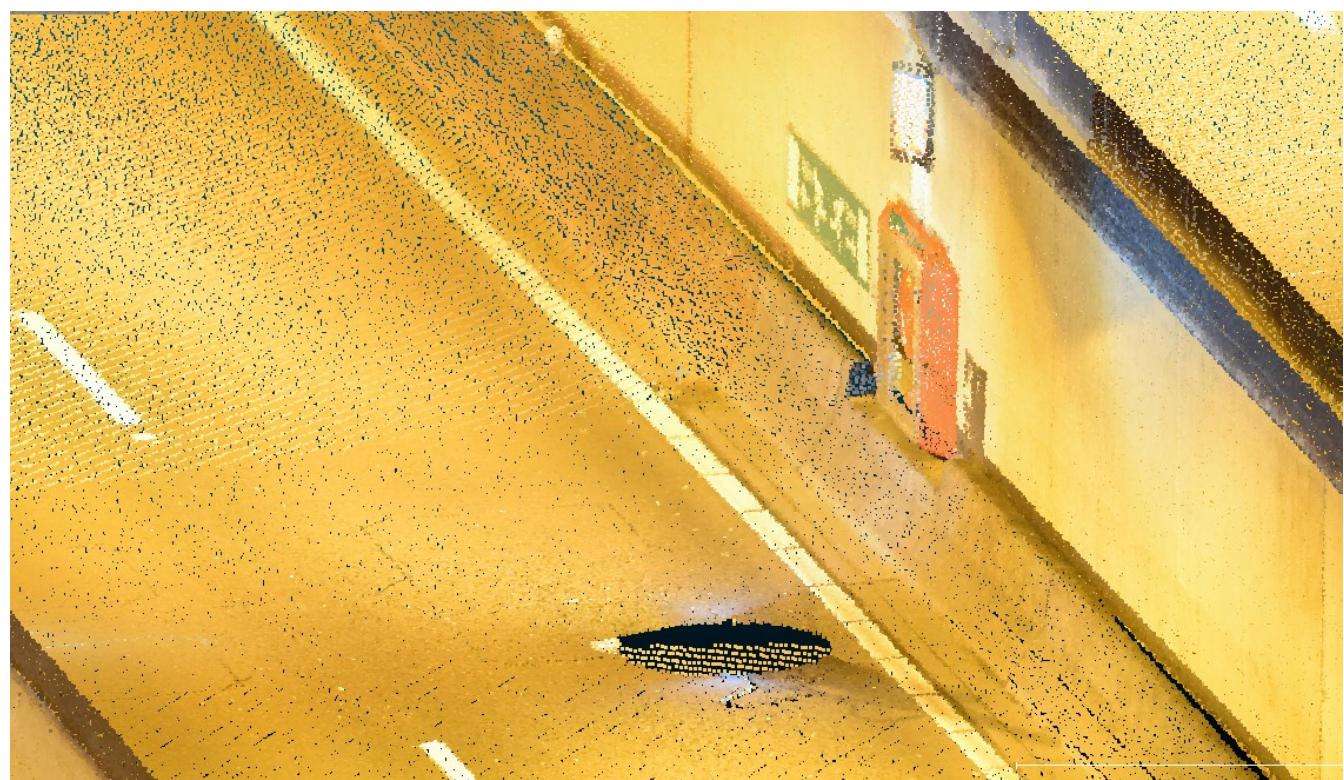
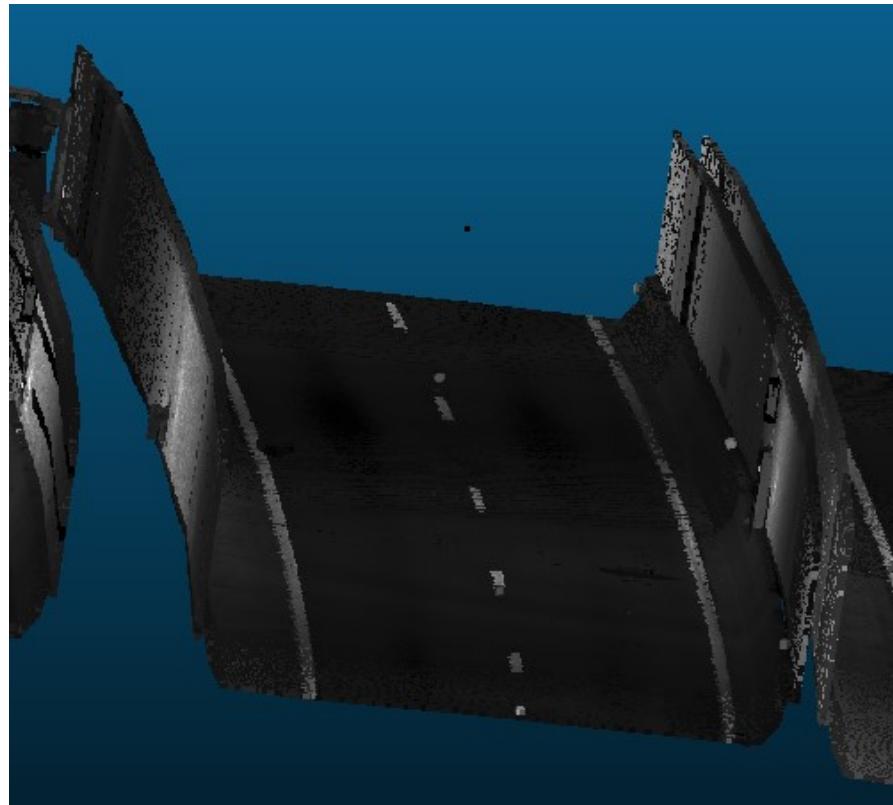
0000

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The image consists of two screenshots of a 3D modeling software for infrastructure, specifically for the Heinenoortunnel. The top screenshot shows a top-down perspective of the tunnel entrance, where a red road surface meets a grey transition area. A white ship is visible in the water behind the tunnel. The bottom screenshot shows a longitudinal view looking down the length of the tunnel. The road surface is red with white dashed lines, and the tunnel walls are blue. A detailed cross-section of the tunnel's interior is shown at the bottom, revealing various layers of the road surface and subgrade. A legend on the right side of each screenshot lists different components and their colors: 'Kern-Heinenoortunnel' (blue), 'Omgeving Heinenoort...' (grey), and 'Ondergrond Zuid' (dark blue). A small window in the bottom-left corner displays specific data for a 'Bovenbouw (weg)' element, including its set ID, block number, entity ID, and component details. The software interface includes a header with the Rijkswaterstaat logo and menu options like 'Home', 'Atlas', 'Heinenoortunnel', and 'DTB 3D'. A sidebar on the right provides additional navigation and settings.



Receiving data at Rijkswaterstaat

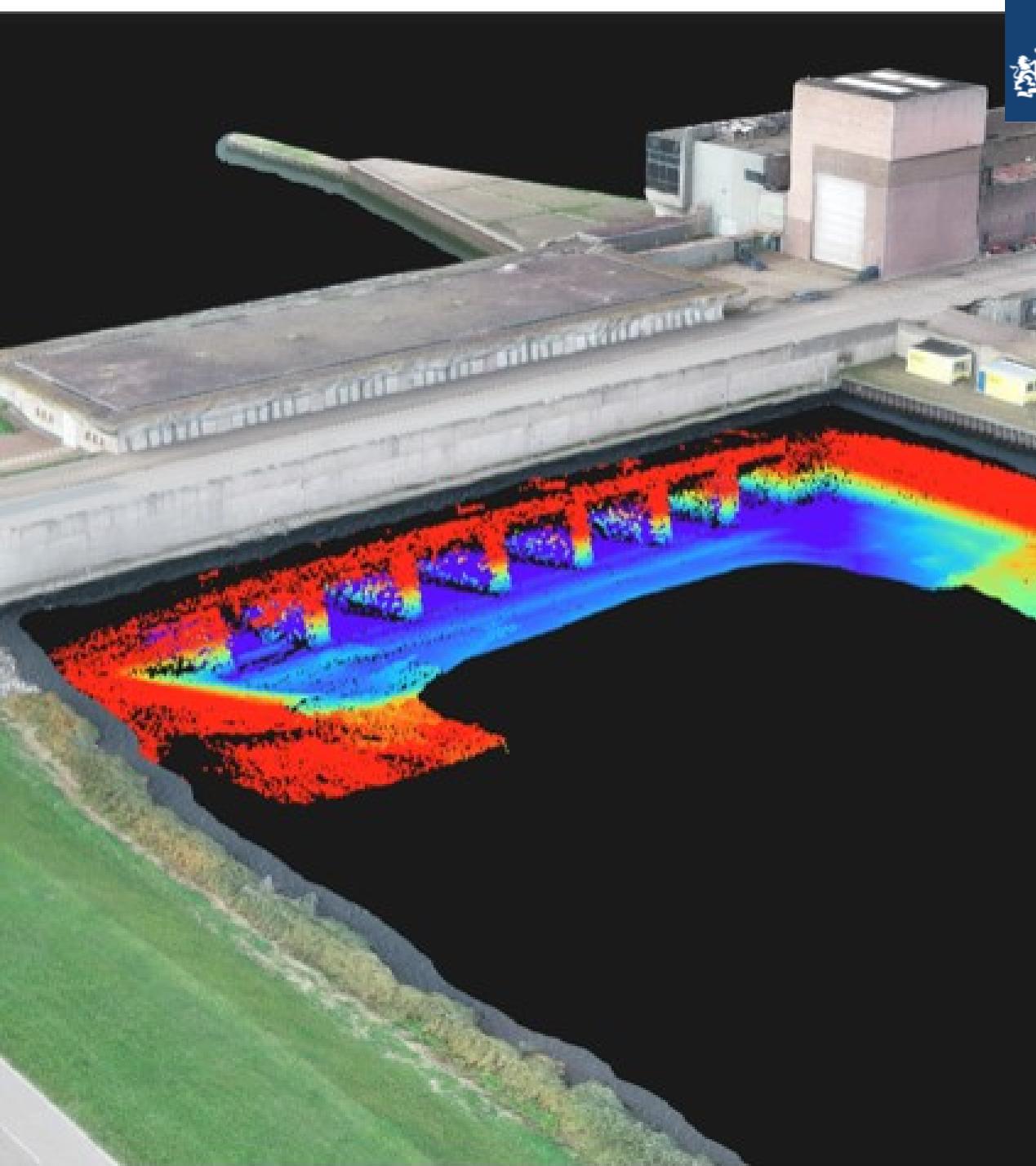




Location of open Rijkswaterstaat data

- Large database of open datasets
- 20 themes available
- Free to download
- Available in different platforms
- Published with quality specifications

The screenshot shows a web page for the Basisregistratie Grootschalige Topografie - omhullende dataset. At the top, there's a header with the Rijkswaterstaat logo and navigation links for Home, Zoeken, Kaart, Contact, Inloggen, and Contact. Below the header, the page title is "Basisregistratie Grootschalige Topografie - omhullende". It's described as a "Dataset" and its "Brontype". A map of the Netherlands is shown with a blue polygon representing the dataset's coverage area. On the right, there's a "Downloads, views en links" section listing four items: "bgt_hull" (WFS), "bgt_hull" (WMS), "bgt_omhullende" (WMS), and "bgt_hull:bgt_omhullende" (WFS). Each item has a link to its service and a "Voeg aan kaart toe" button. There are also "Overzicht" and "Thumbnail" buttons.



Digital Twin at RWS

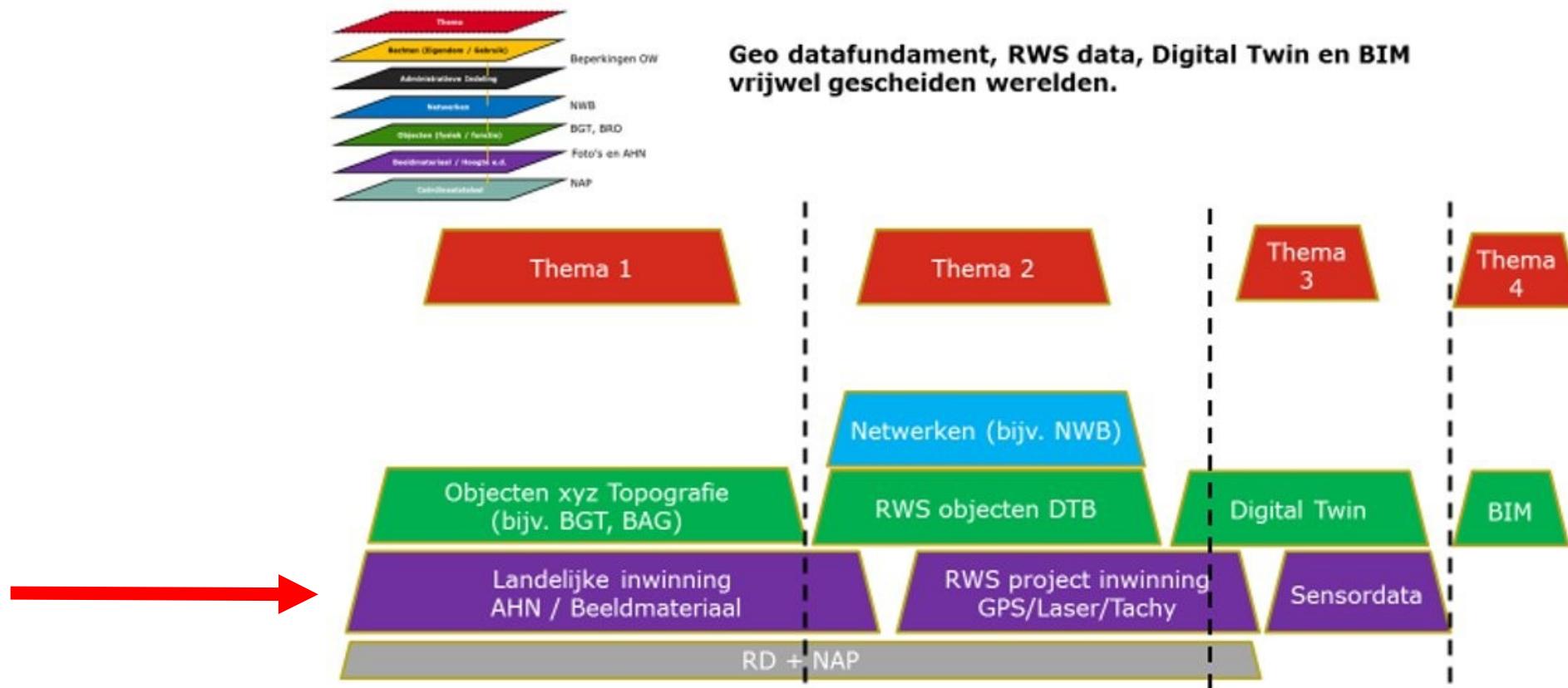
Objective: a complete and up-to-date view of the entire object

3D scans of the underwater combined with a laser scan of what is above water

- Support for Asset Management

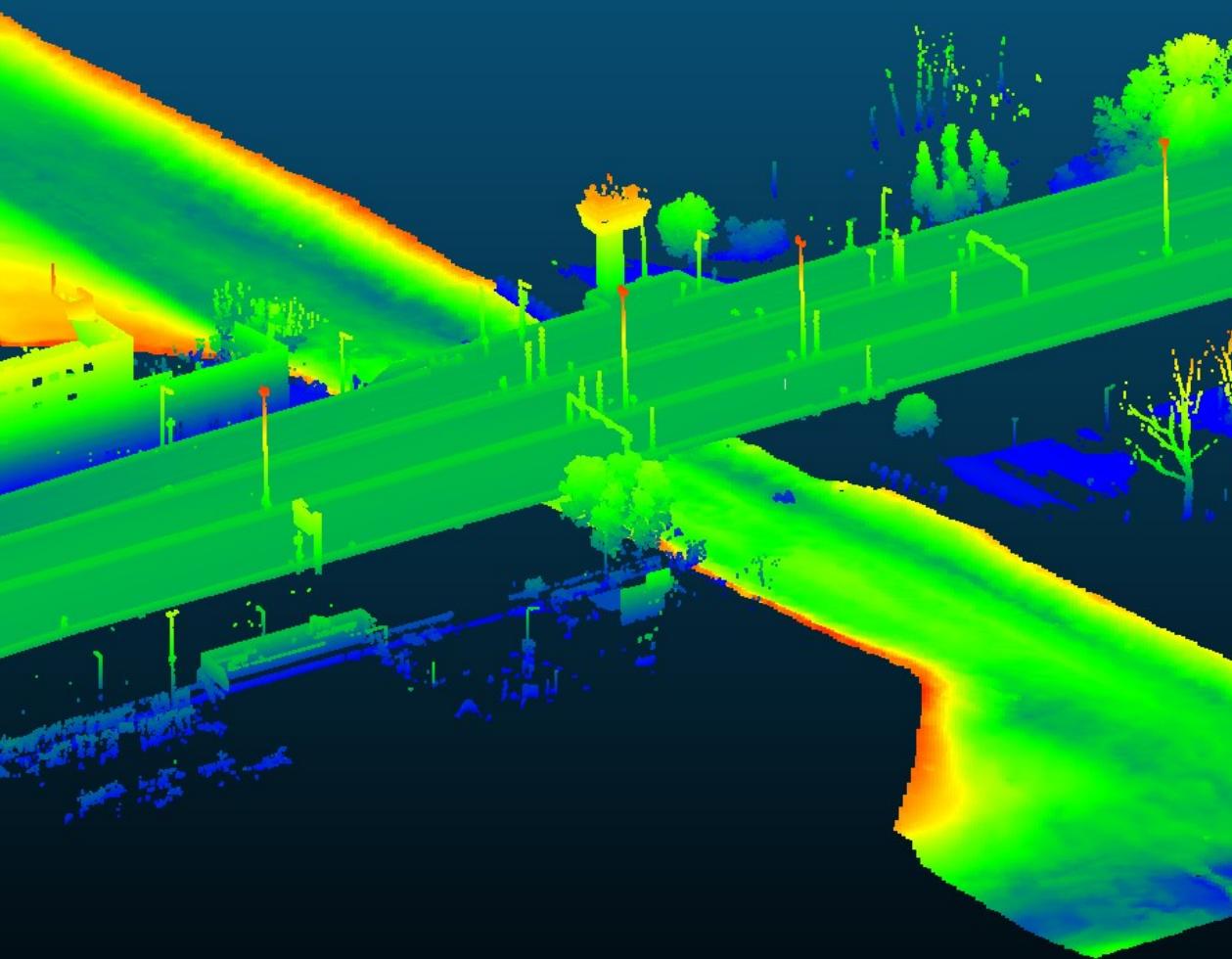


New Geodatafundament of Rijkswaterstaat





Rijkswaterstaat
*Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management*



Integrale Hoogtebestand Nederland

TU Delft & Rijkswaterstaat

Potential stakeholders of the data governance

- Different government agencies
- Varying specifications regarding the point clouds
- Varying locations of the open data
 - *Land*
 - *Urban*
 - *Rivers*
 - *Sea*



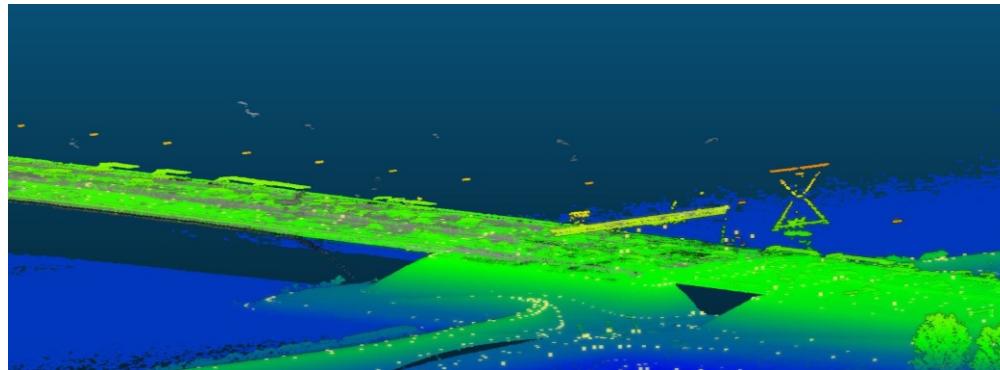


The integration of heterogeneous pointclouds

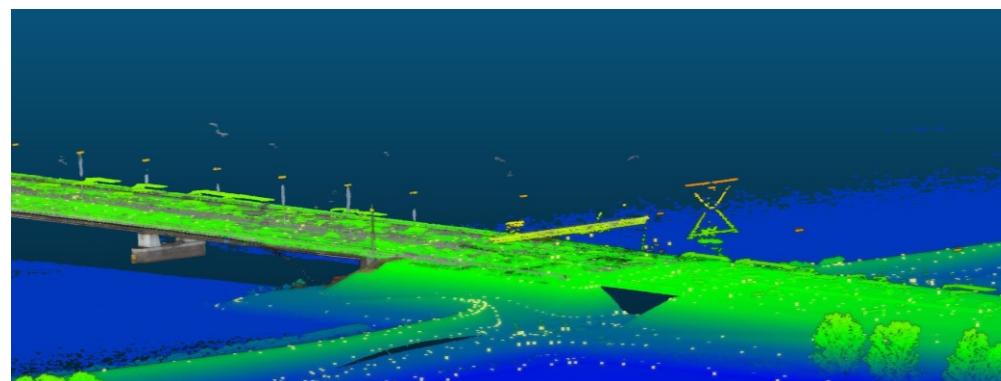
- PhD research: *integrating point clouds in the Netherlands*
- Collaboration between Rijkswaterstaat and TU Delft
- The merging of point clouds on a national scale
 - 4 research fields



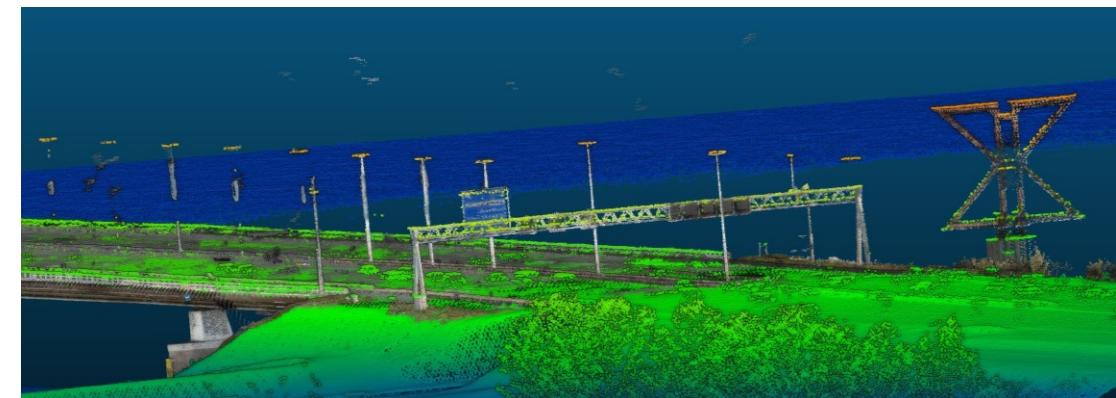
Potential of the Integrated Height dataset of the Netherlands



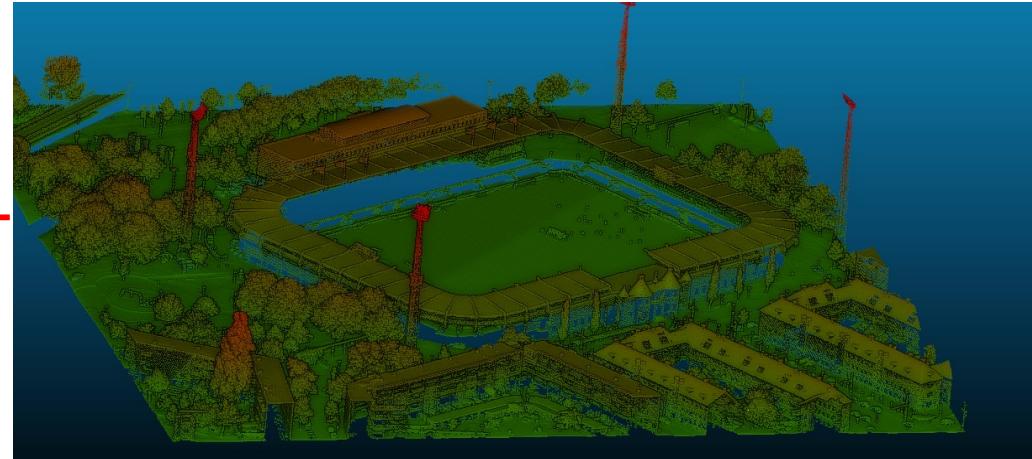
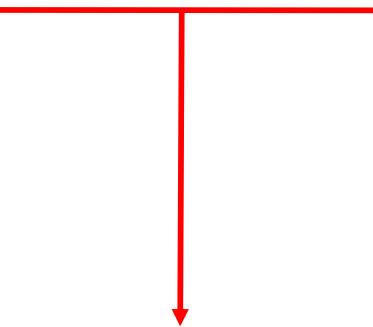
AHN4 (hWH)+Dense Matching (KD)+DTB (RWS)



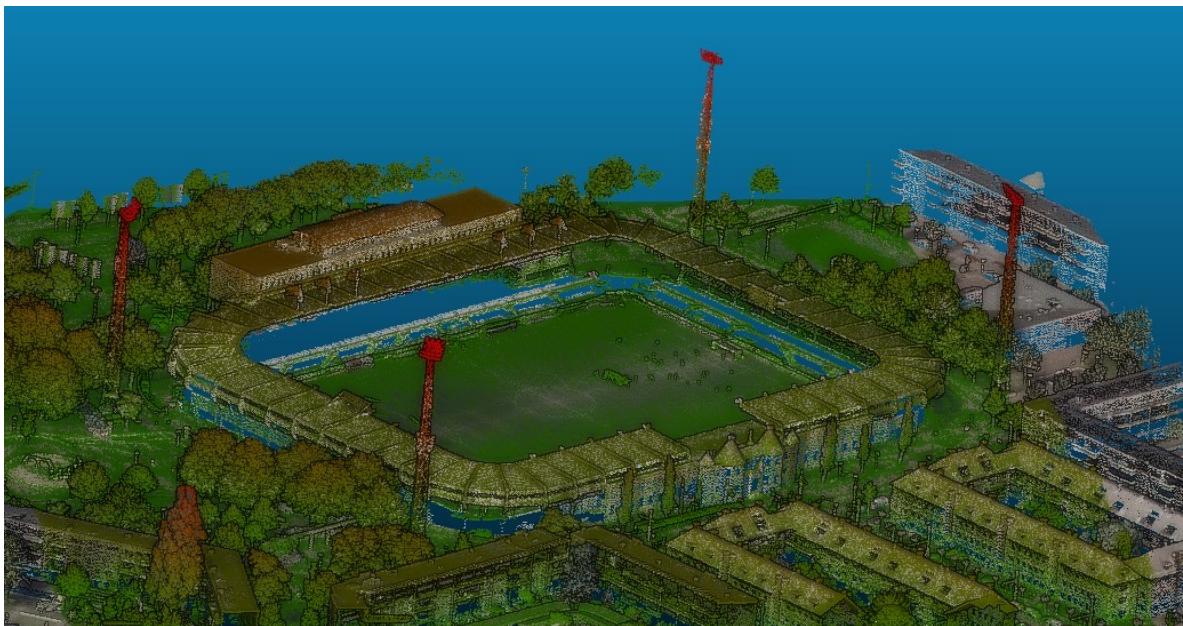
AHN4 (hWH)+Dense Matching (KD)+DTB (RWS) + drone (RWS)



AHN4+DM+DTB+drone+car = IHN

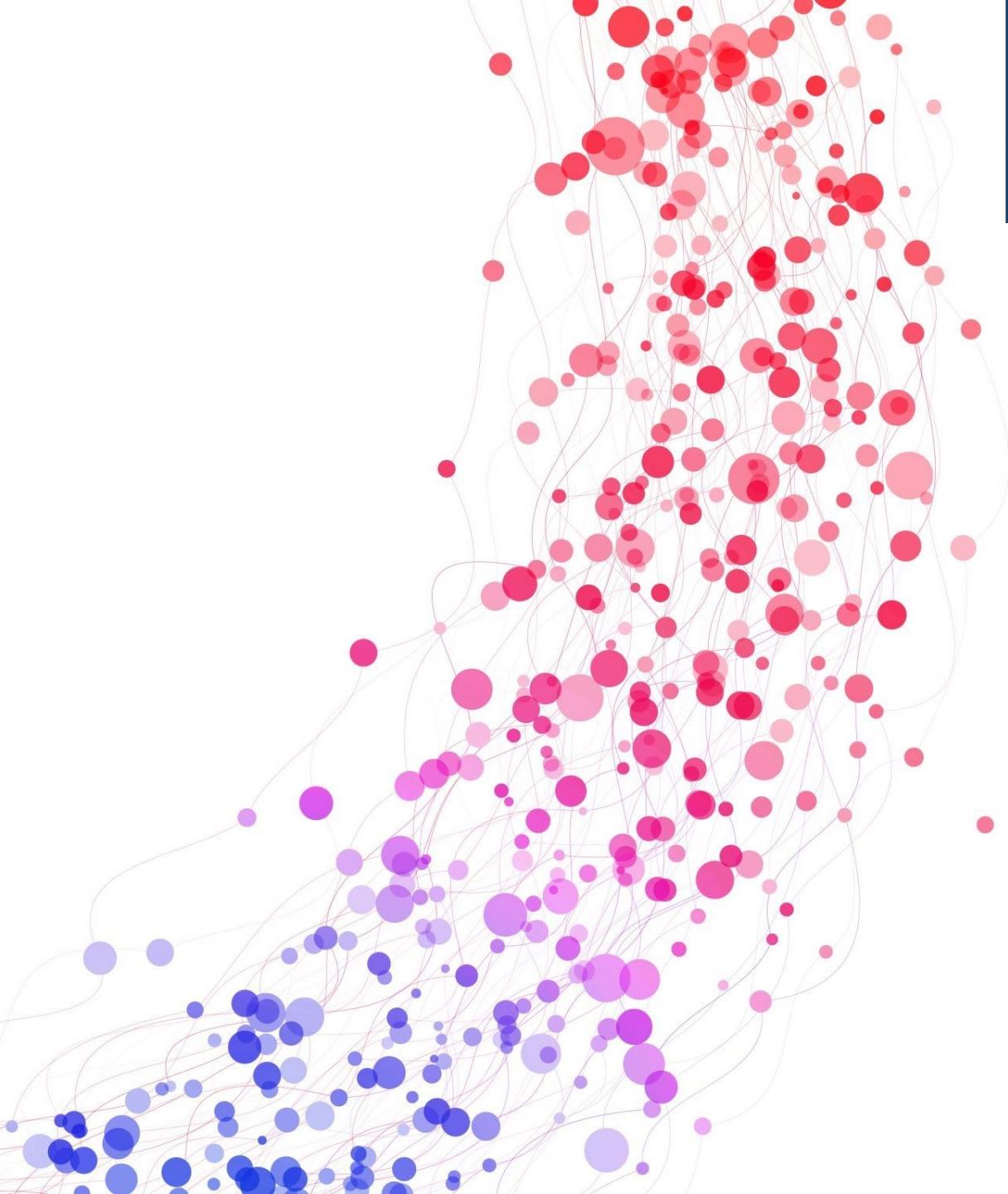


Een IHN
visualisatie van
het Kasteel,
Rotterdam



Complexity of data governance

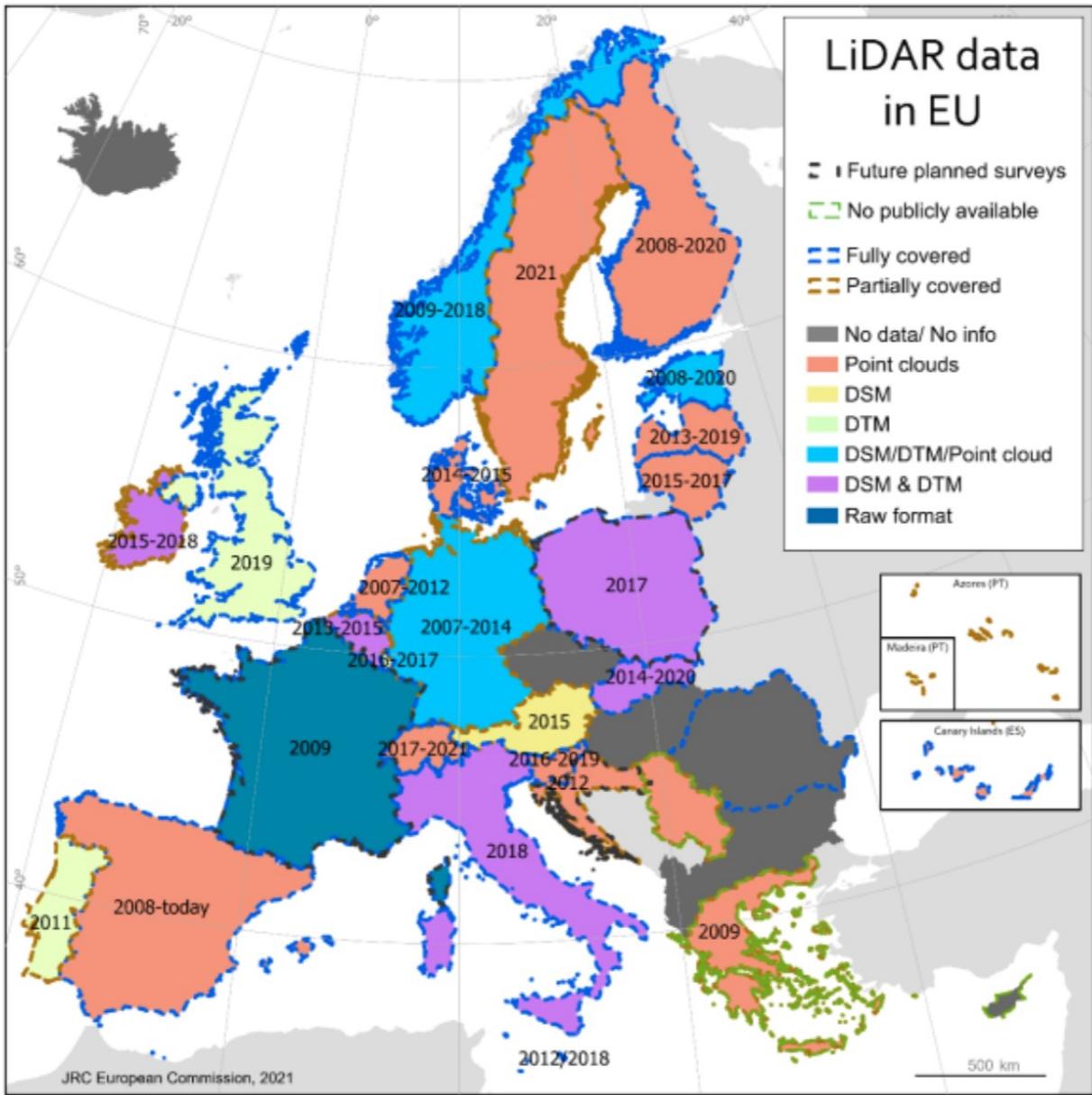




Rijkswaterstaat
Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management

Research subject 1

***Uniform specifications of
pointcloud datasets***



Specifications of point clouds in the EU

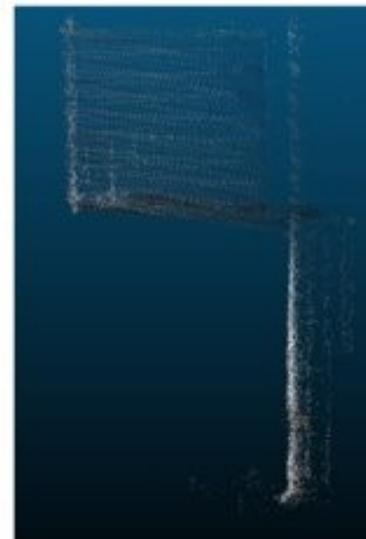
- Research from 2020 of the Joint Research Centre
- Significant difference between open and closed datasets
- Subjective consensus for the quality
 - Questionnaire at the EuroSDR



Effects of different specifications and goals



VS



Gantry point cloud from dataset A

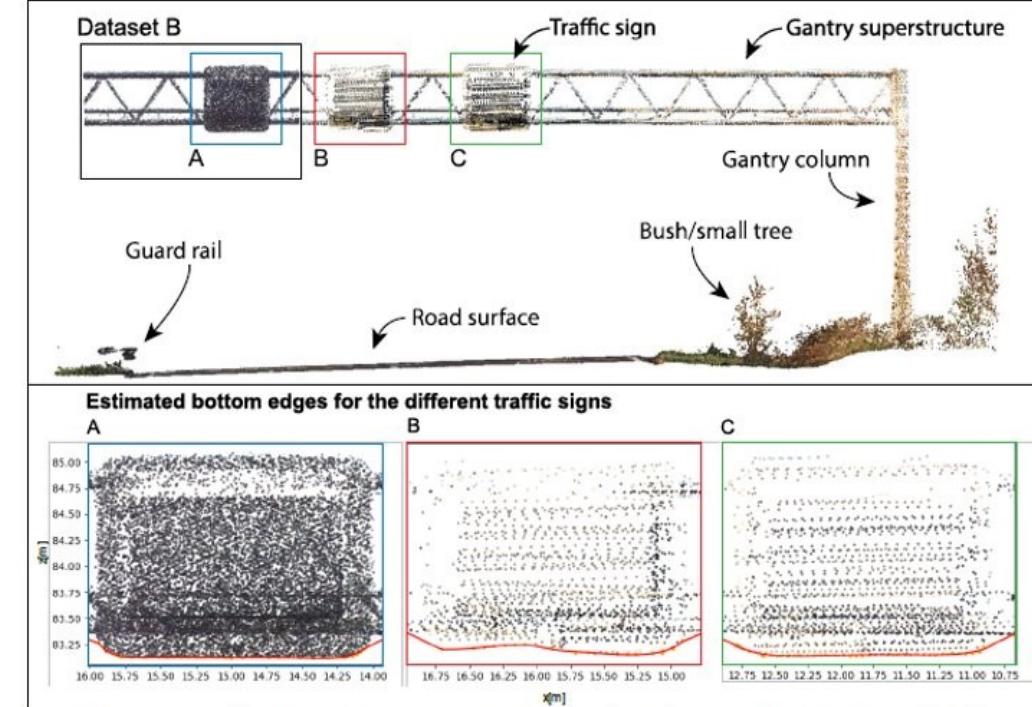
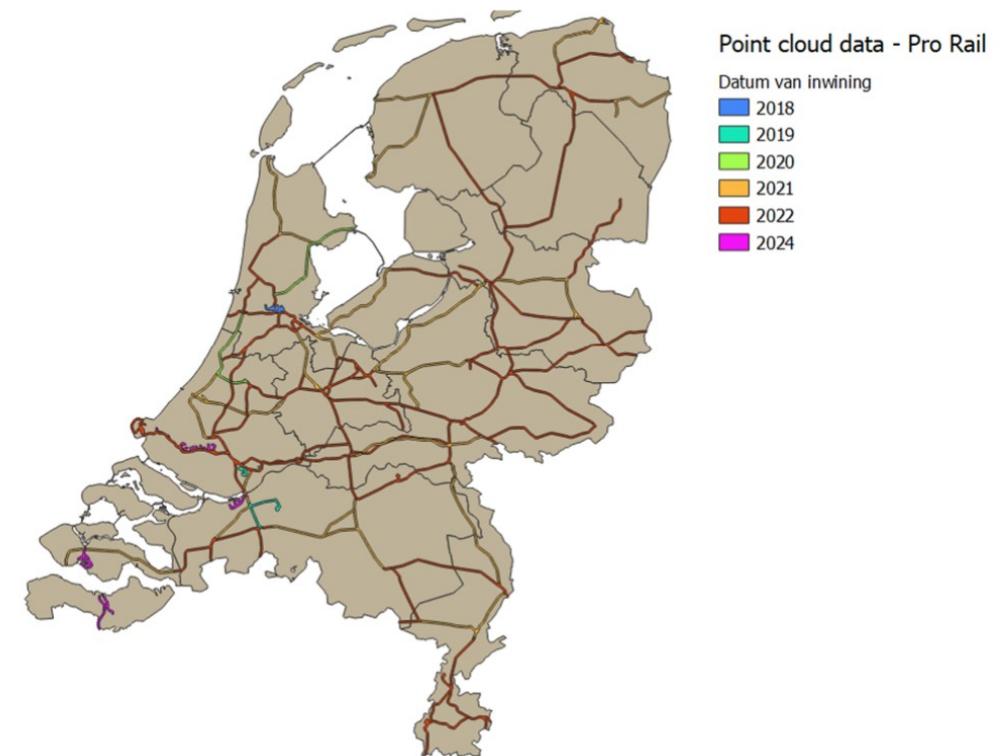
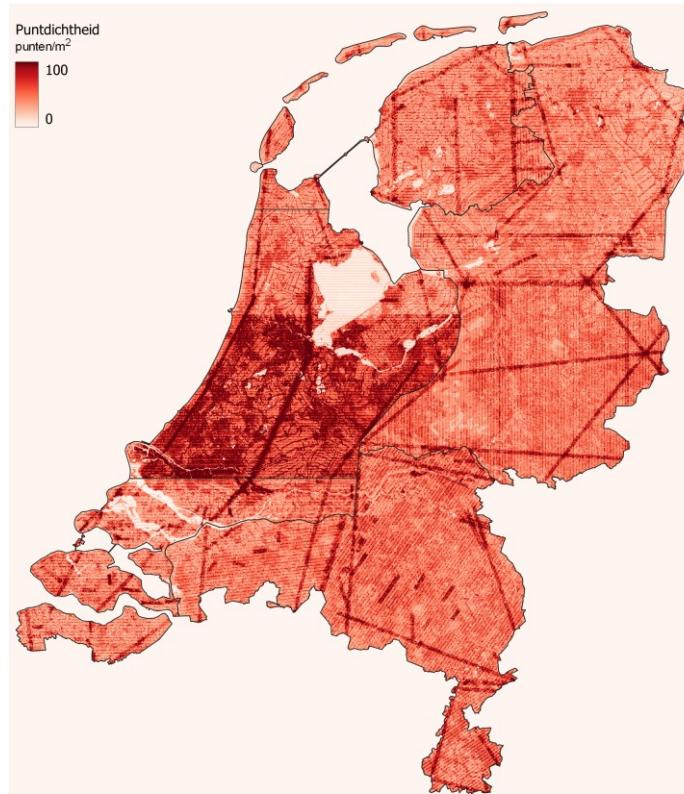


Figure 5.48: Example input point cloud of a gantry. The bottom panel shows the estimated bottom edges of the traffic signs attached to the gantry superstructure.

Effects of different specifications and goals





Rijkswaterstaat
Ministry of Infrastructure
and Water Management



Looking forward: Co-
registration of
pointclouds

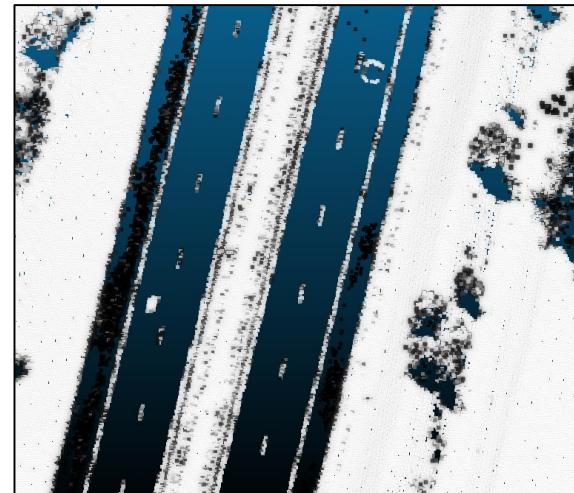
Research subject 2

Research Subject 2

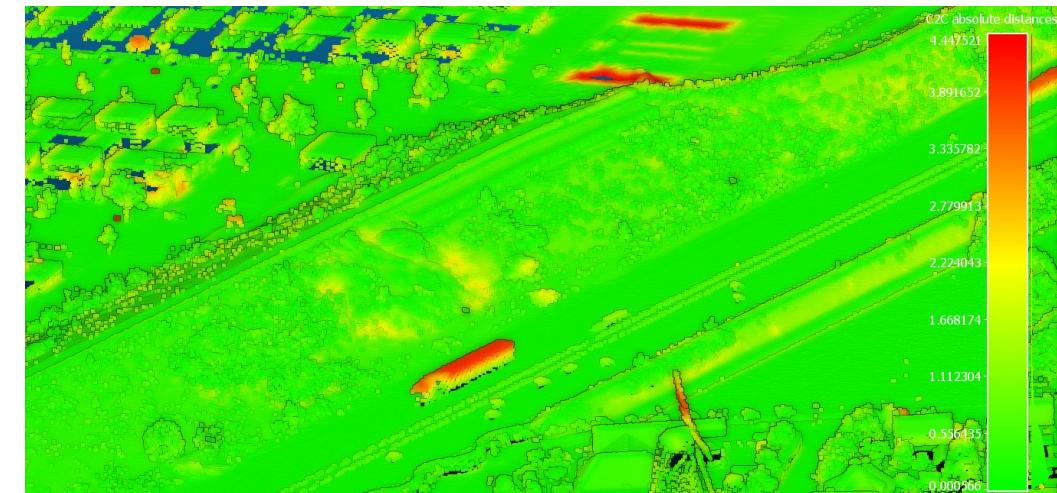
AHN4



Road marking



Difference between AHN4 and AHN3



Co-registration for comparison
analysis



Contact



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Mail: tessa.eikelboom@rws.nl