

Ravi Peters Hugo Ledoux Jantien Stoter





Overview

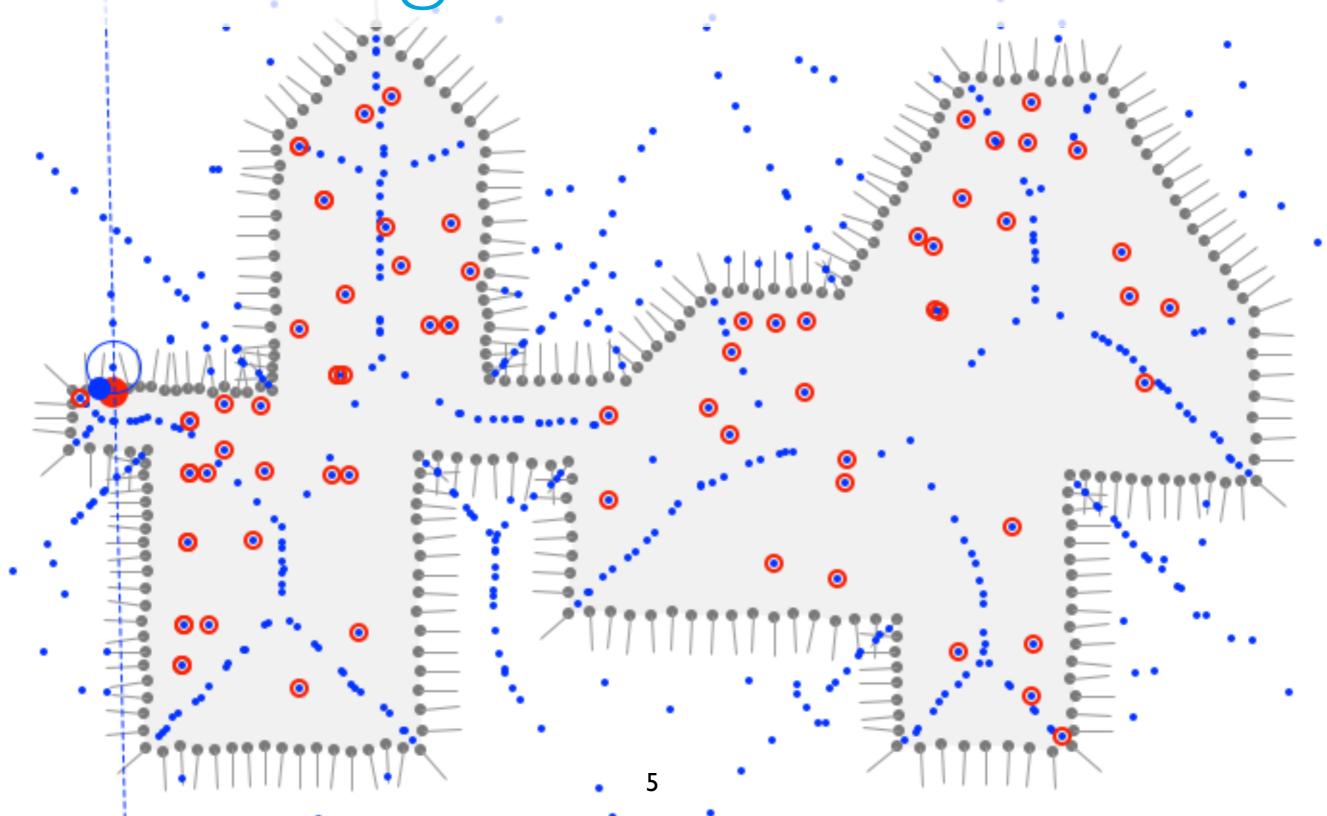
- I. Achievements
- 2. Current work
- 3. Future work

Achievements

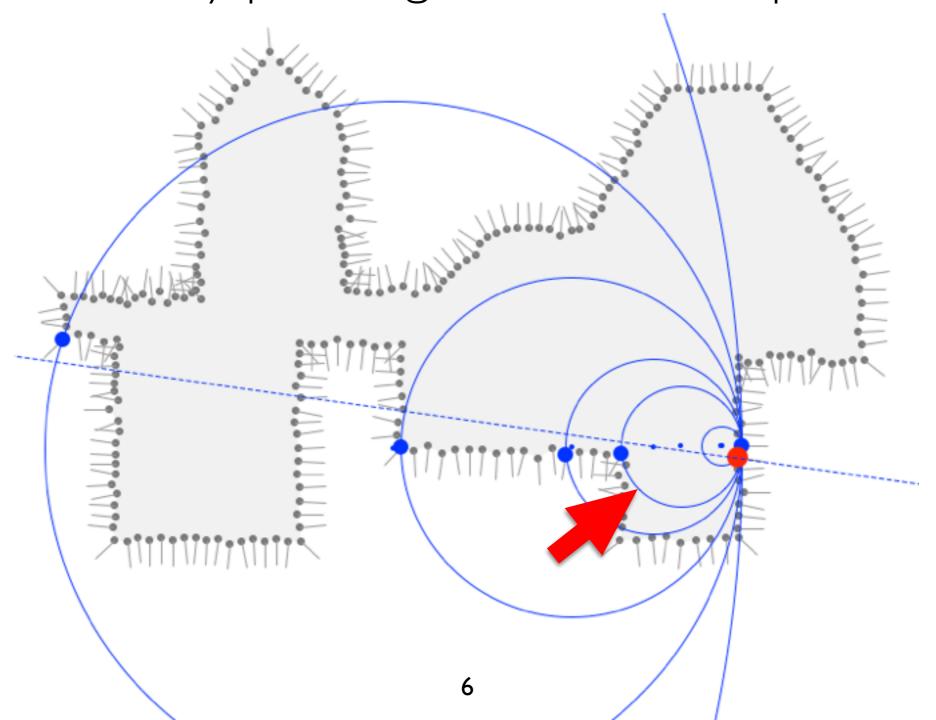
MAT approximation

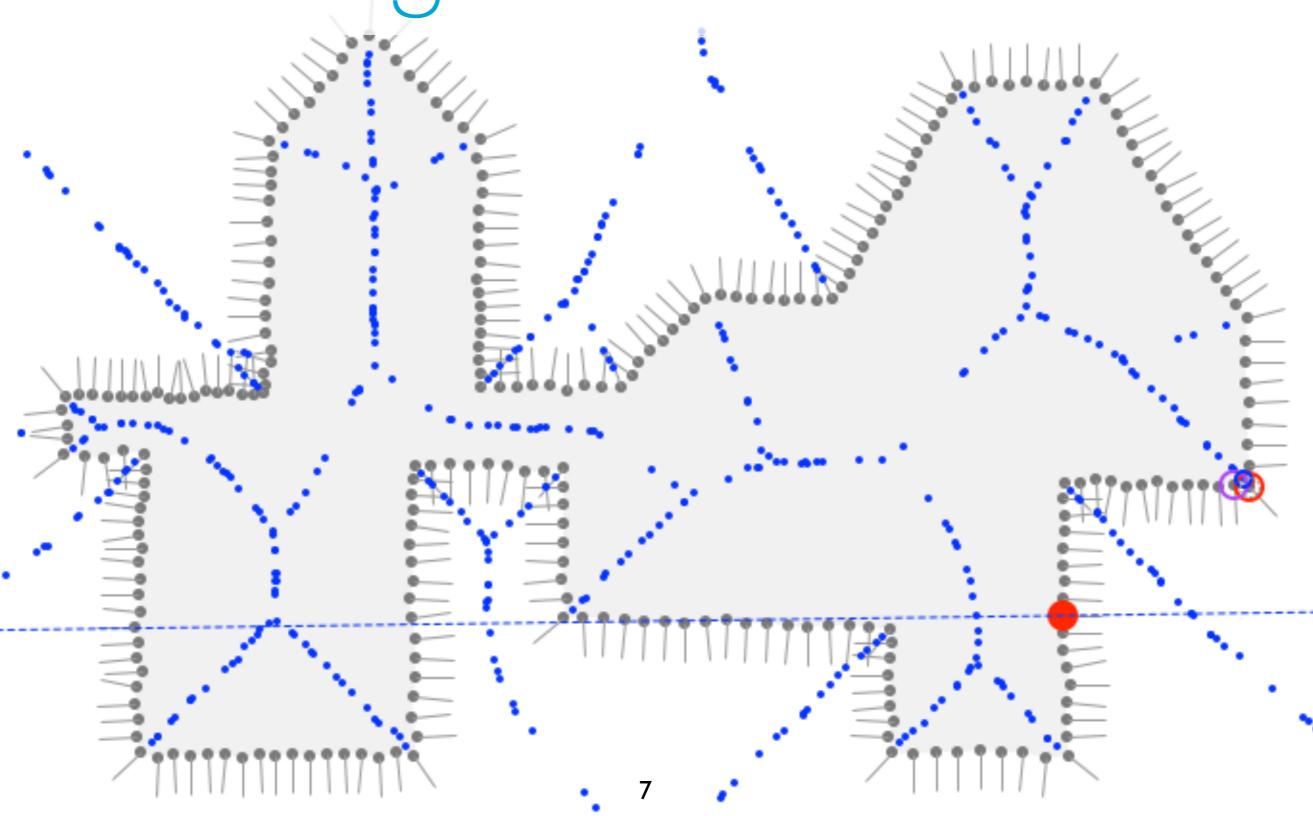
Shrinking ball algorithm (Ma et al., 2012)

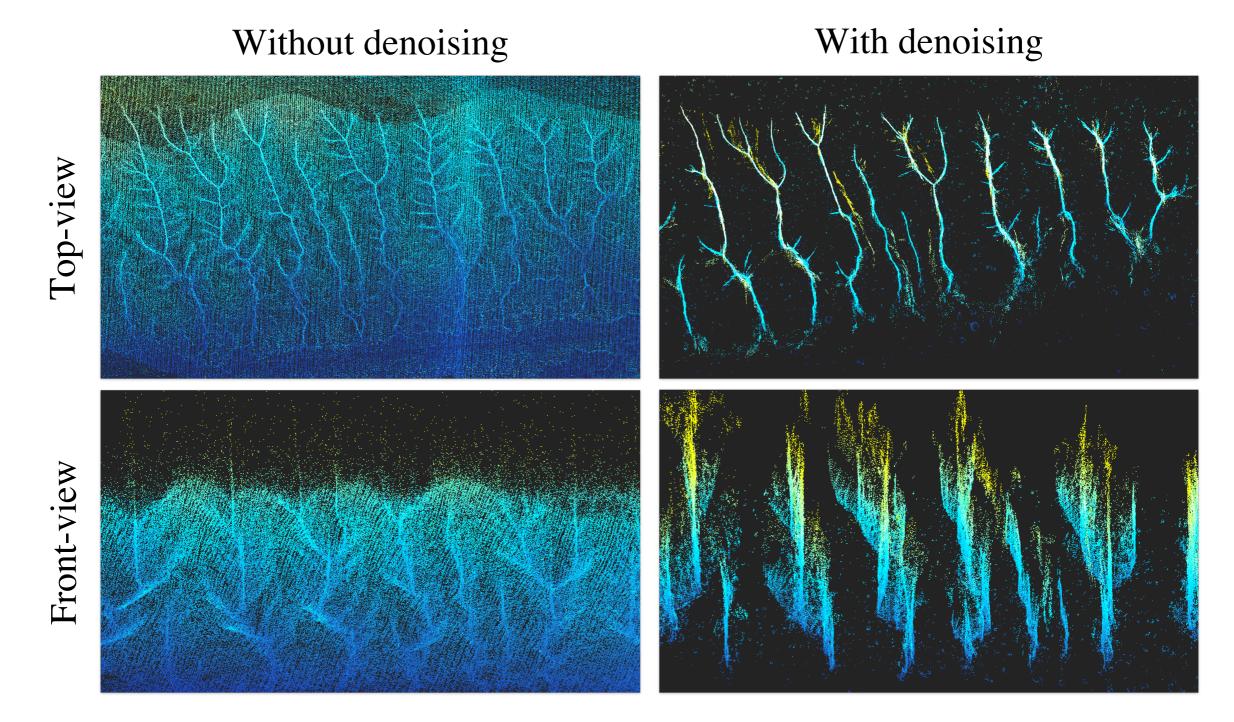
https://vimeo.com/84859998



Even for noisy points, 'good' ball is computed





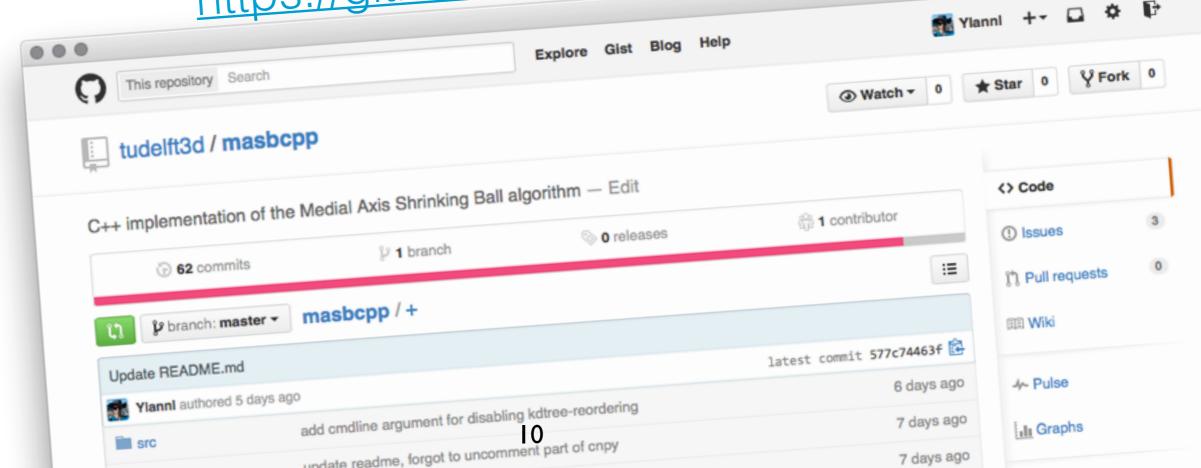


https://vimeo.com/127577620

(Re)written software

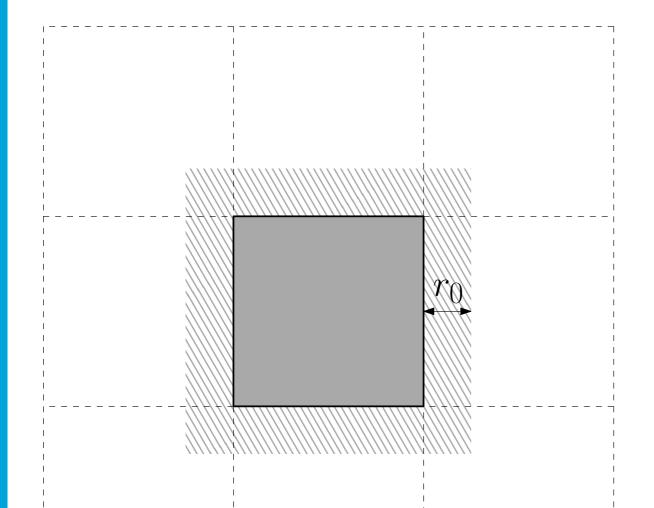
- I. Own 3D visualiser
- 2. Efficient C++ implementation main algorithm (~250.000 points/s with 16-cores)

https://github.com/tudelft3d/masbcpp



Scalability

- of computation
 (multiple cpu cores)
- in size of dataset (using tiling)





Marco Lam (MSc student)

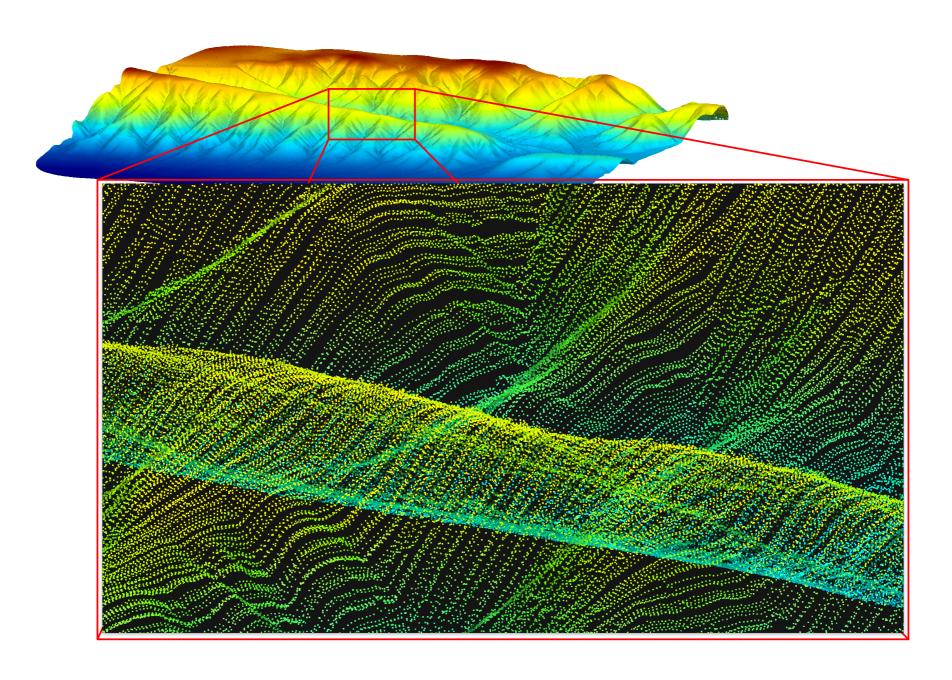
Simplification of LiDAR point clouds:

Reduce number of points while maintaining detail.

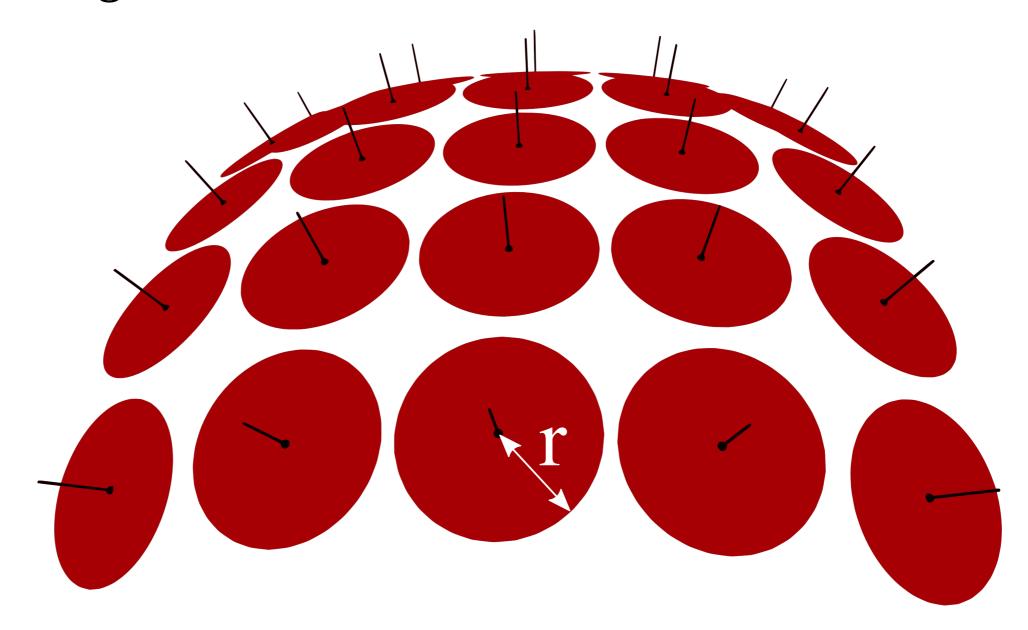
E.g. for creation 3DTOP10NL

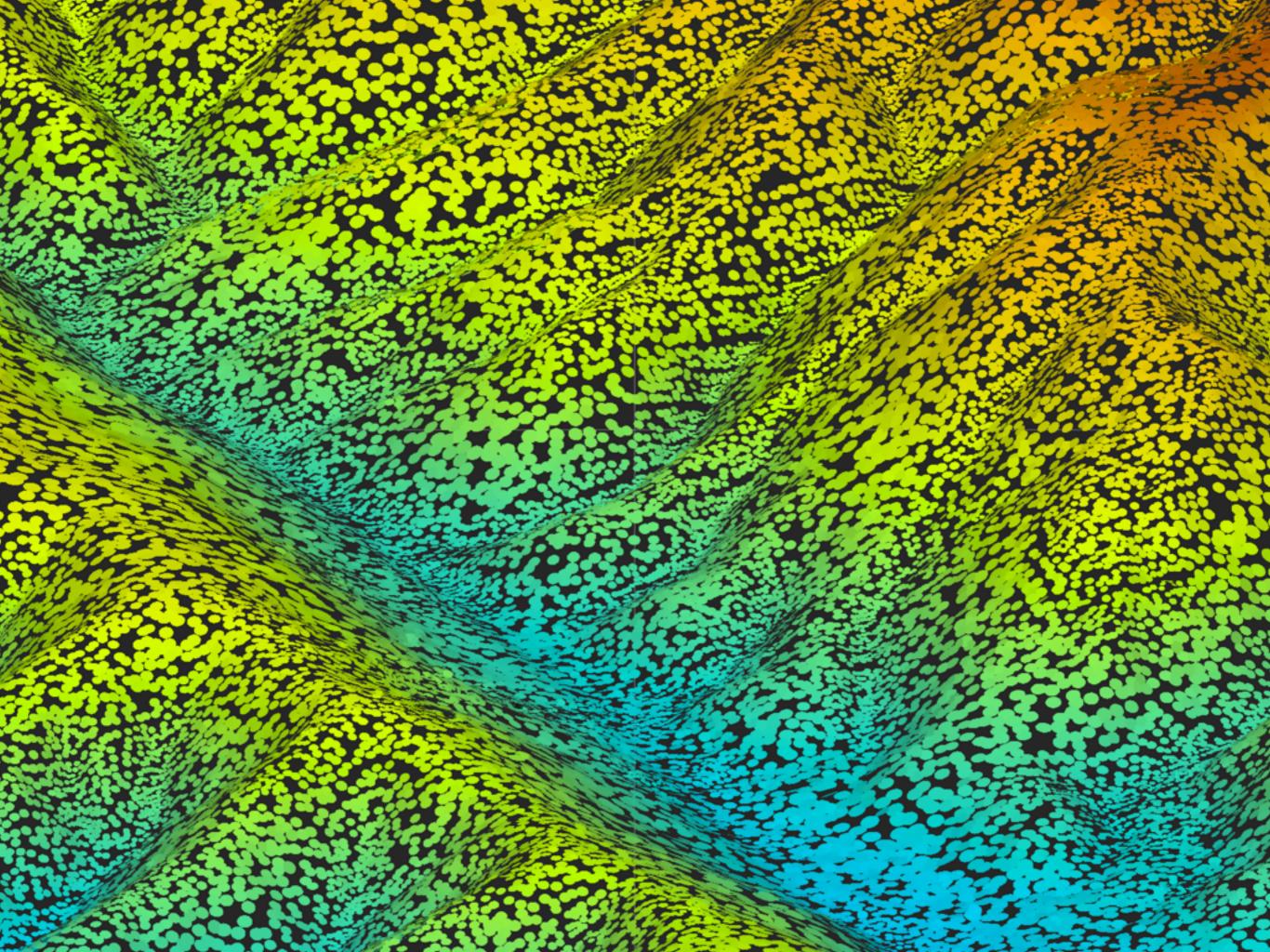


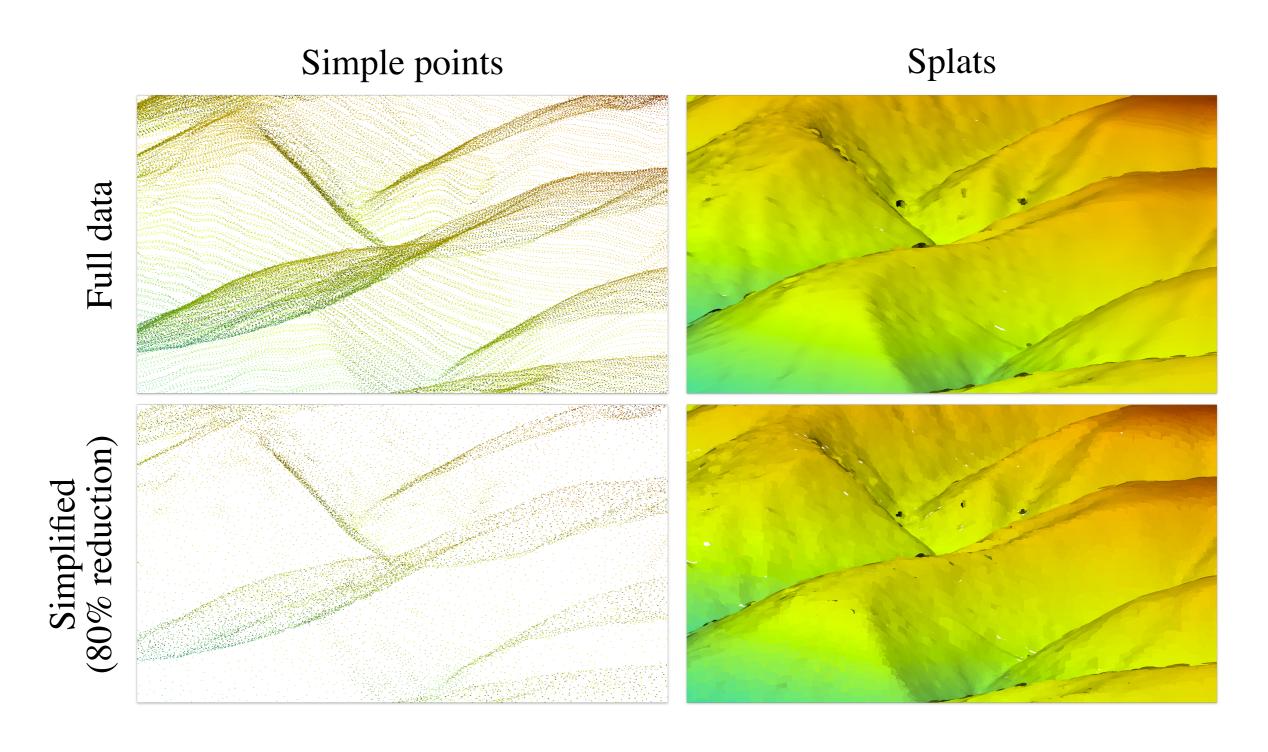
New focus: visualisation



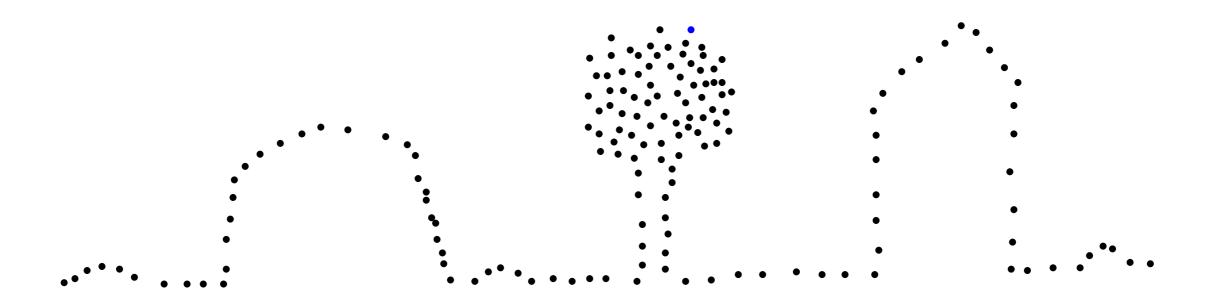
Splatting

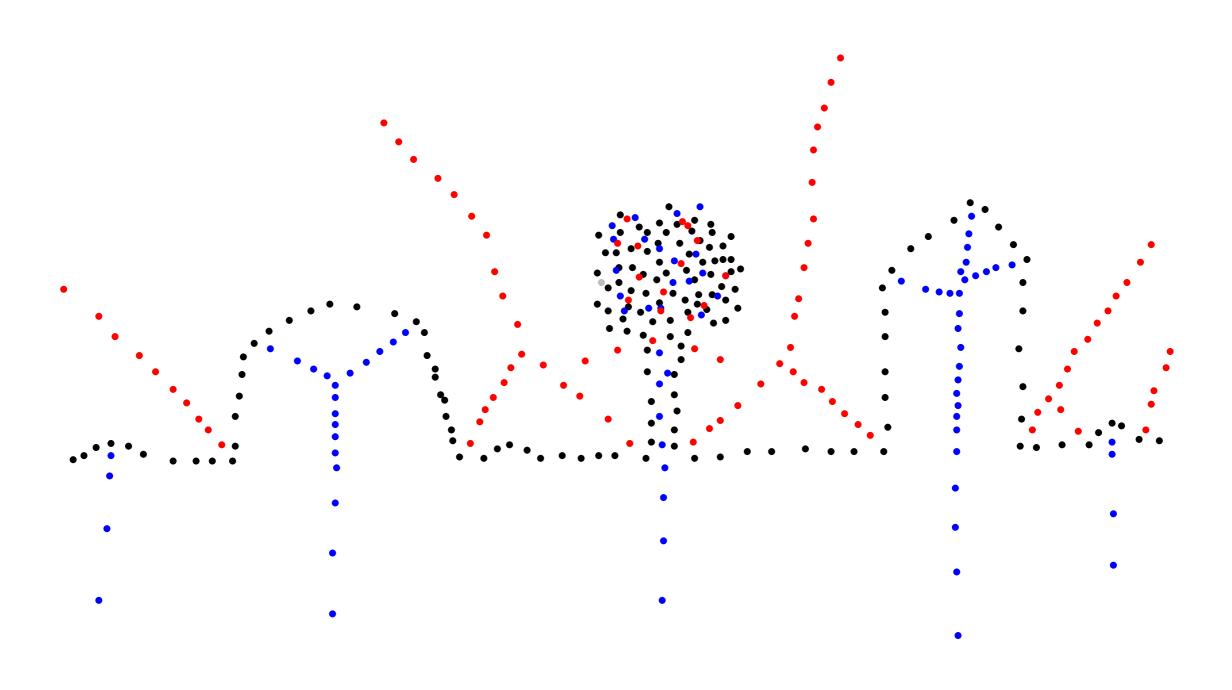


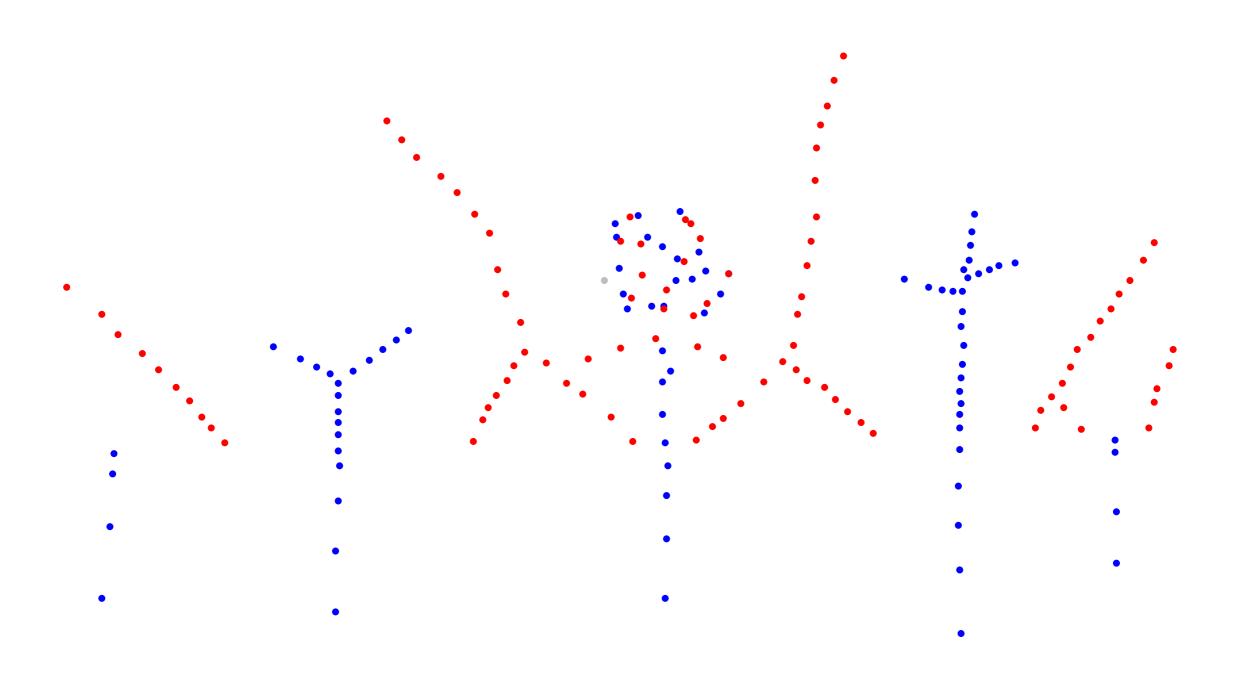


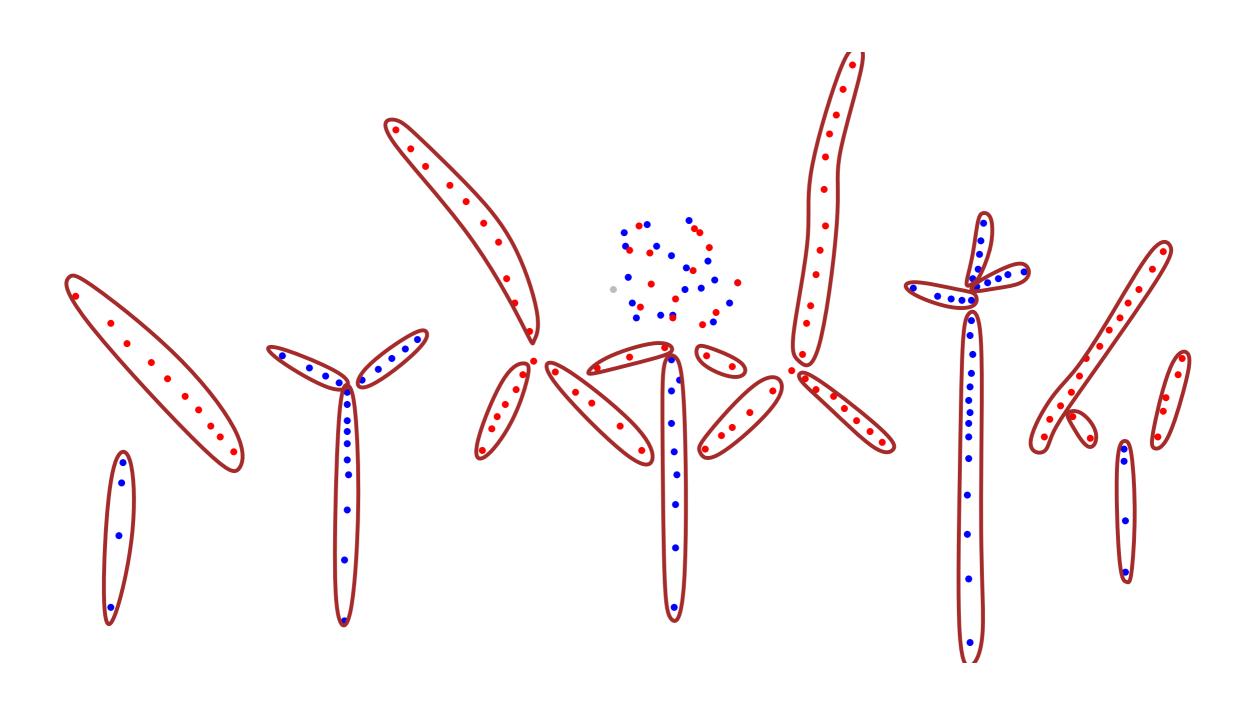


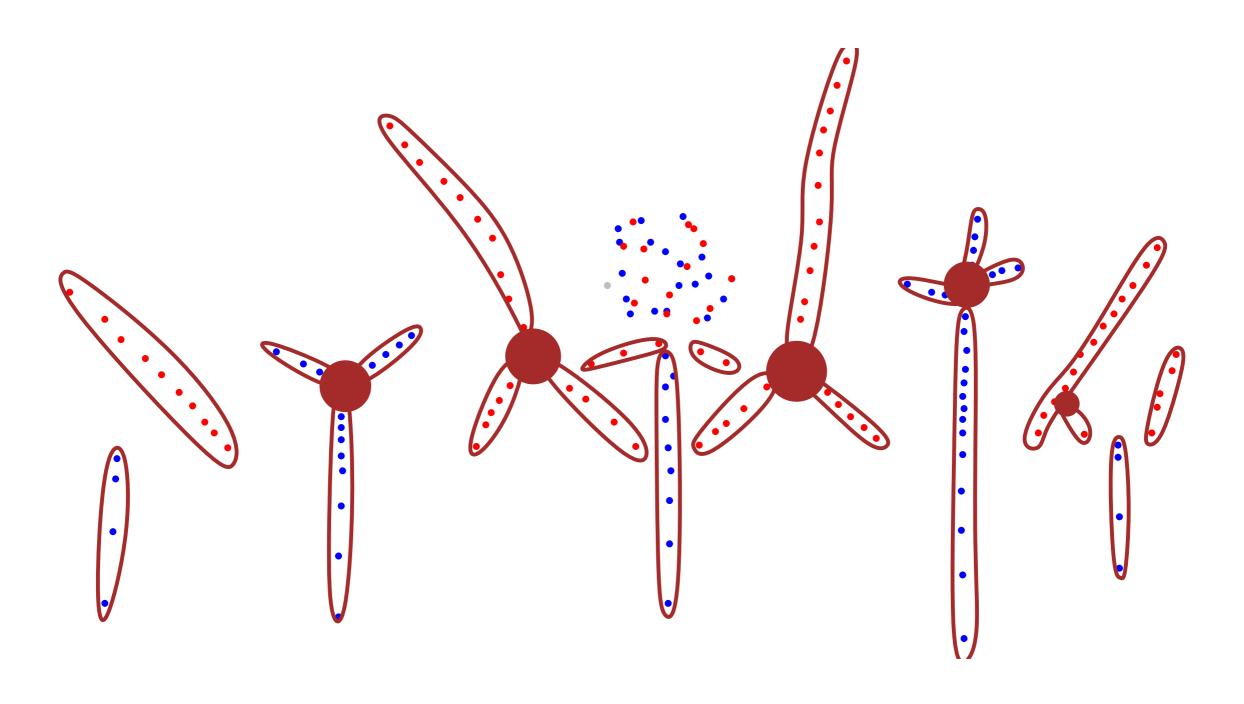
- Current work

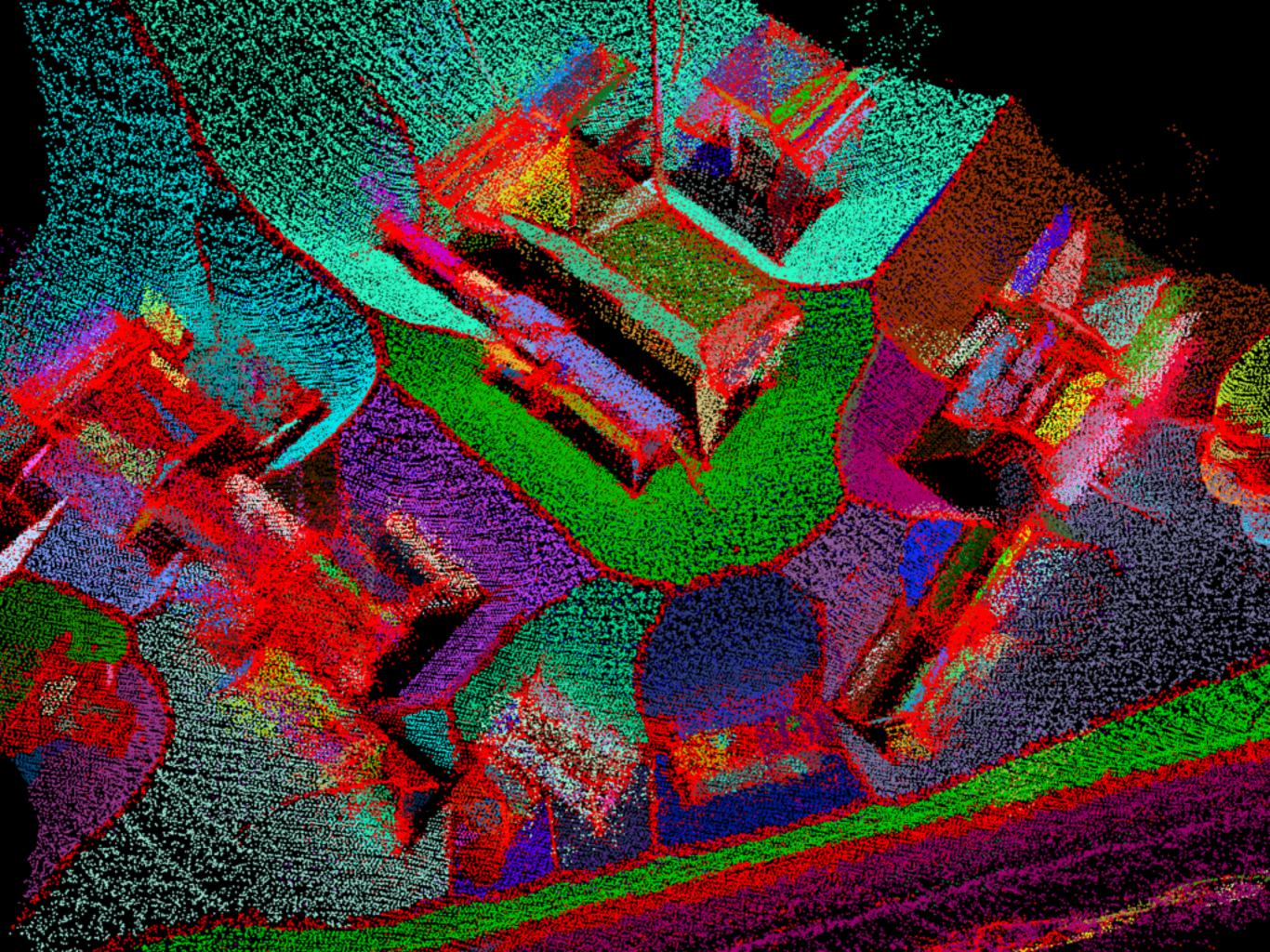










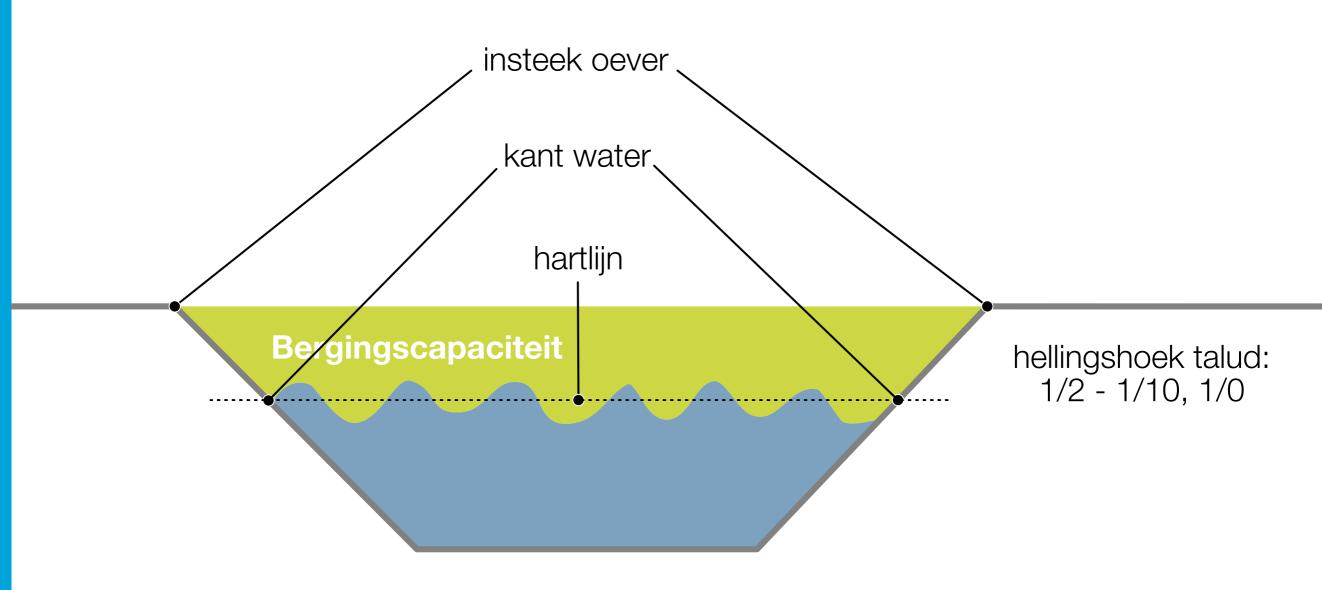


First use cases

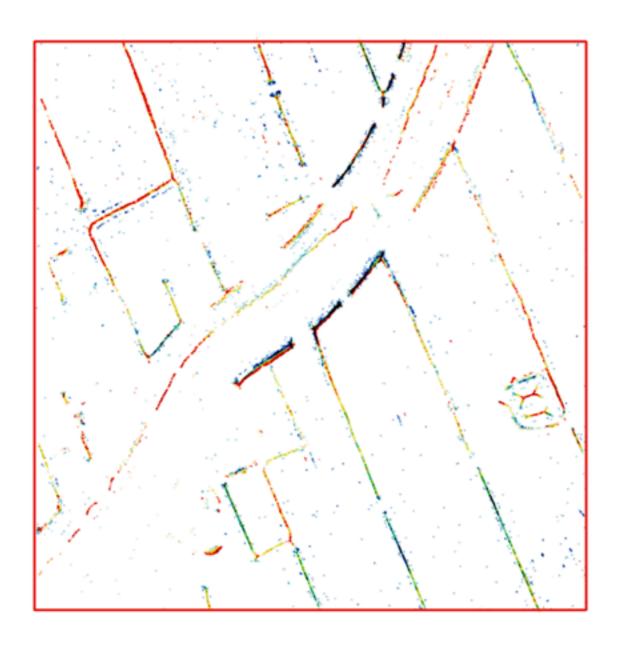
- I. Detect `watergangen`
- 2. Detect (features of) buildings e.g. `daklijnen`

Watergangen

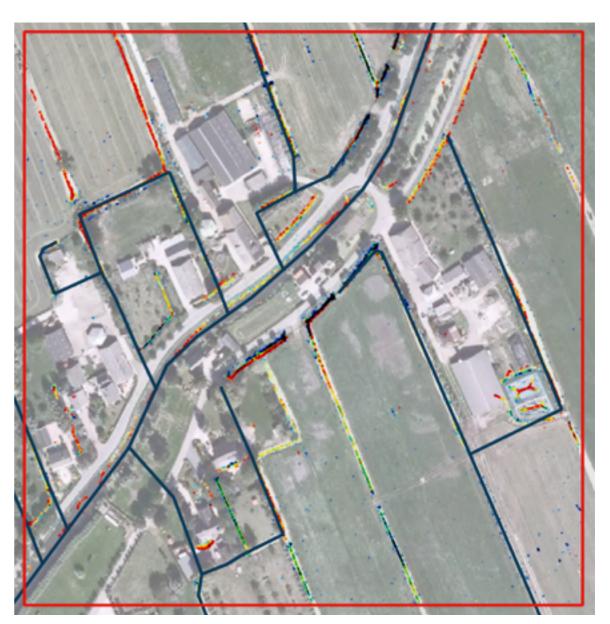
Use MAT to obtain 2D lines of watergang parameters



Watergangen

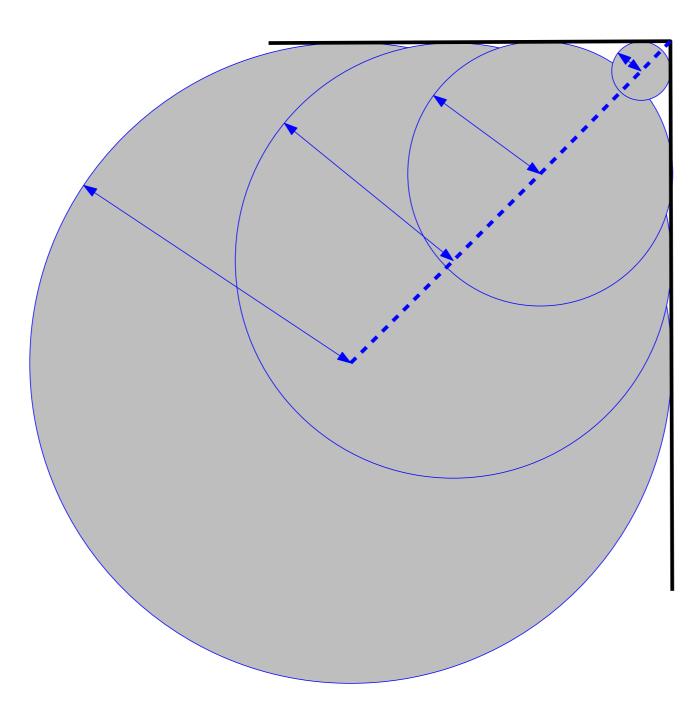


MAT points (AHN2)



as registered by Waterschap

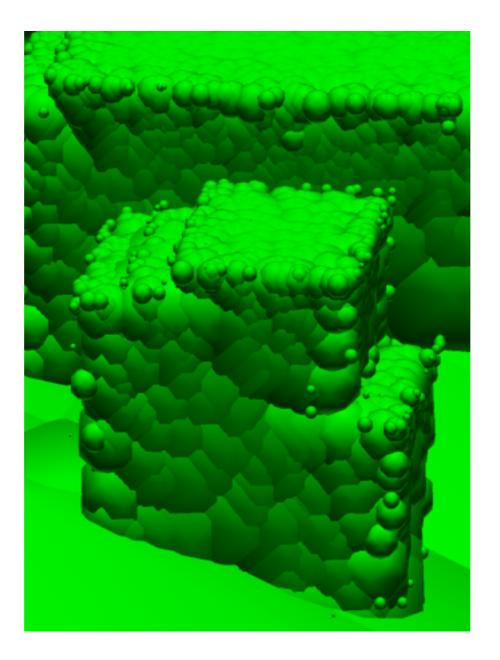
Daklijnen

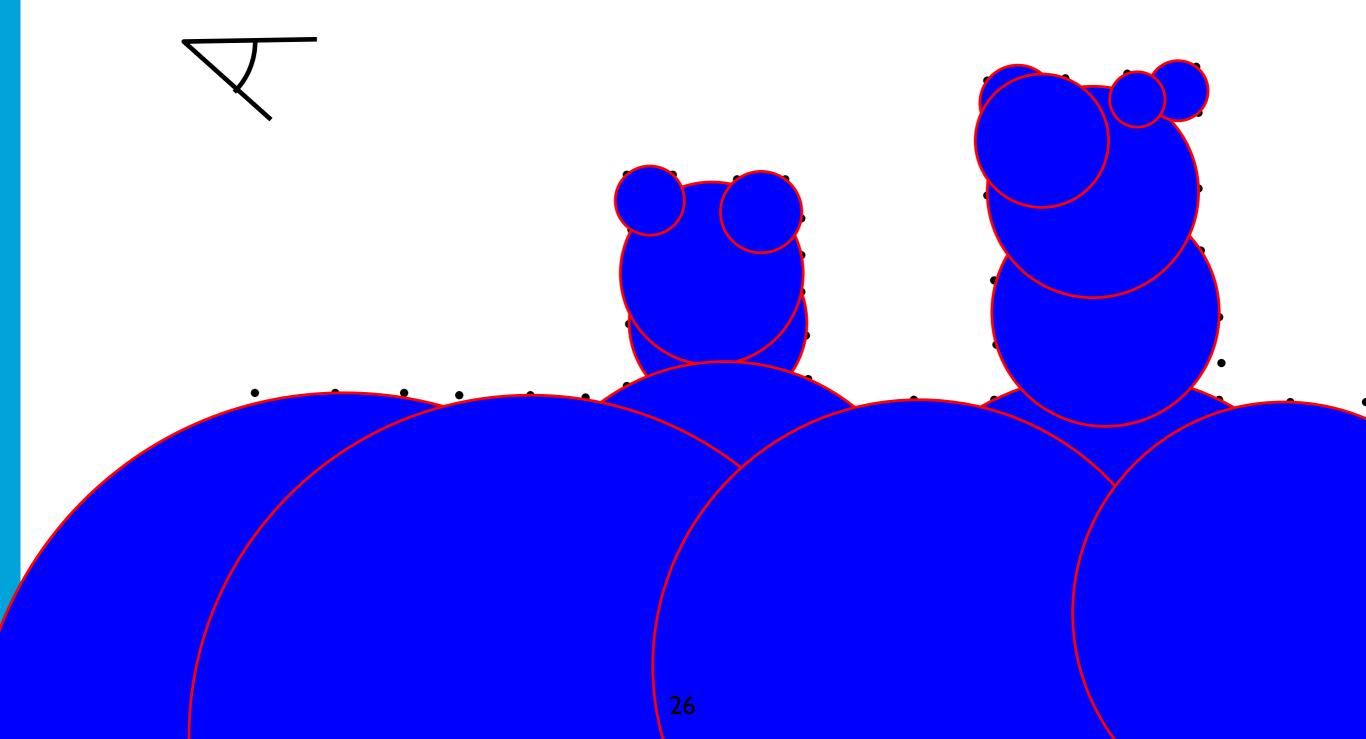


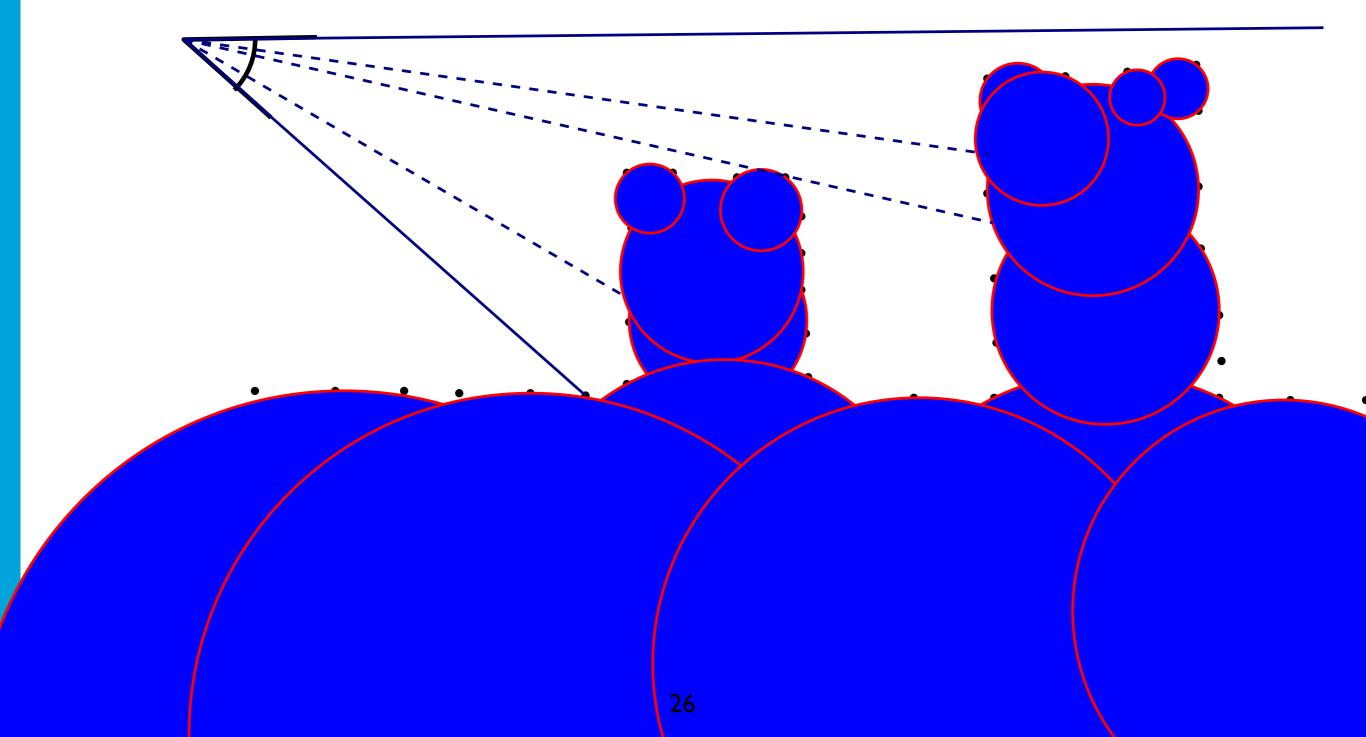
Future work

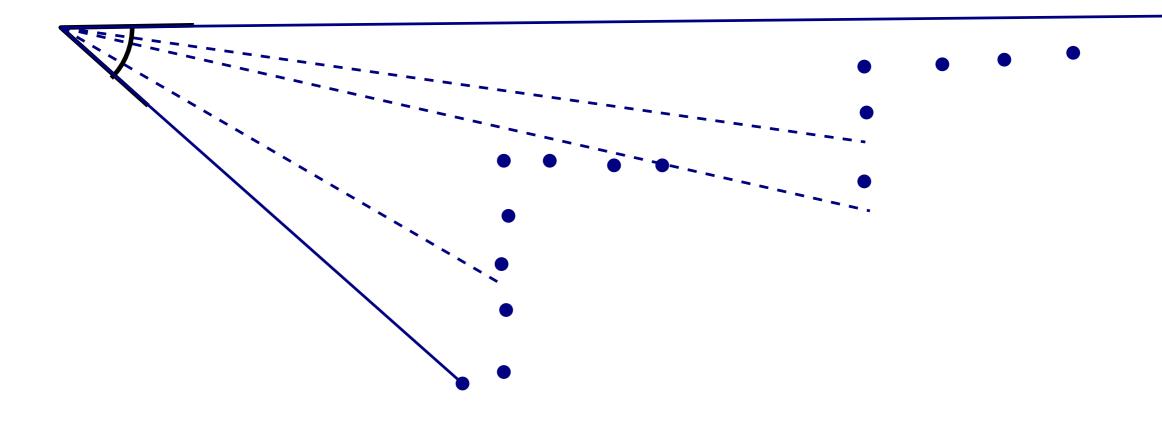
Building volume estimation

By union of medial balls









And more...

- I. denoising point cloud
- 2. improve quality of normals in point cloud
- 3. object classification
- 4. ...

